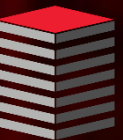


What's New in Database 12.2

... to survive you must evolve



Unsafe Harbor

- This room is an unsafe harbor
- You can rely on the information in this presentation to help you protect your data, your databases, your organization, and your career
- No one from Oracle has previewed this presentation
- No one from Oracle knows what I'm going to say
- No one from Oracle has supplied any of my materials
- Everything I will present is existing, proven, functionality



Introduction



Daniel Morgan




- ♣ Oracle ACE Director Alumni
 - Oracle Educator
 - 🏛 Curriculum author and primary program instructor at University of Washington
 - 🏛 Consultant: Harvard University
 - University Guest Lecturers
 - APAC: University of Canterbury (NZ)
 - EMEA: University of Oslo (Norway)
 - Latin America: Universidad Cenfotec, Universidad Latina de Panama, Technologico de Costa Rica
- IT Professional
 - First computer: IBM 360/40 in 1969: Fortran IV
 - Oracle Database since 1988-9 and Oracle Beta tester
 - The Morgan behind www.morganslibrary.org
 - Member Oracle Data Integration Solutions Partner Advisory Council
 - Vice President Twin Cities Oracle Users Group (Minneapolis-St. Paul)
 - Co-Founder International GoldenGate Oracle Users Group
- Principal Adviser: Forsythe **Meta7**



System/370-145 system console



My Websites: Morgan's Library



Morgan's Library

☐ www ☐ library

International Oracle Events 2016-2017 Calendar

NovDecJanFebMarAprMayJunJulAugSepOct

The Library

The library is a spam-free on-line resource with code demos for DBAs and Developers. If you would like to see new Oracle database functionality added to the library ... just email us. Oracle Database 12cR2 is now available in the Cloud. If you are not already working in a 12cR1 CDB database ... you are late to the party and you are losing your competitive edge.

Home

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Mad Dog Morgan




Training Events and Travels

- [OTN APAC, Sydney, Australia - Oct 31](#)
- [OTN APAC, Gold Coast, Australia - Nov 02](#)
- [OTN APAC, Beijing China - Nov 04-05](#)
- [OTN APAC, Shanghai China - Nov 06](#)
- [Sangam16, Bangalore, India - Nov 11-12](#)
- [NYOUG, New York City - Dec 07](#)


Next Event: Indiana Oracle Users Group

Oracle Events




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Morgan





aboard USA-71





Library News


- [Morgan's Blog](#)
- [Morgan's Oracle Podcast](#)
- [US Govt. Mil. STIGs \(Security Checklists\)](#)
- [Bryn Llewellyn's PL/SQL White Paper](#)
- [Bryn Llewellyn's Editioning White Paper](#)
- [Explain Plan White Paper](#)



ACE News

 Would you like to become an Oracle ACE? 










Learn more about becoming an ACE



- [ACE Directory](#)
- [ACE Google Map](#)
- [ACE Program](#)
- [Stanley's Blog](#)

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www.morganslibrary.org



Forsythe (1:2)

- In business 46 years
- \$1.2B in 2016
- Partner with more than 200 technology OEMs



- Second largest security integrator in North America

A10 Networks	DataCableTech	Liquidware Labs	Riverbed Technology
AccessData	Dataram	LockPath	RSA Security
Accutech	Dell EMC	LogLogic	SafeNet
Acronis	Dialogic Dovetailed Technologies	LogRhythm	Sanbolic
ADVA	Digital Guardian	Loop1 Systems	Seagate
Aerohive	Dynatrace	LSI Corporation	Securonix
AirMagnet	Eaton Powerware	Luminex	Server Technology
AirTight Networks	EDGE Memory	Maxell	Service Now
AirWatch	Emulex	McAfee	Silver Peak
AlgoSec	EndRun Technologies	Mellanox Technologies	Software Diversified Services
Amazon	Entrust	Microsoft	Solarflare Communications
APC	Equinix	MobileIron	SolarWinds
AppDynamics	ExtraHop	MRV	Sophos
AppSense	F5 Networks	Multi-Tech Systems	Spectra Logic
Apptio	Fidelis Cybersecurity	nCircle Network Security	Splunk
APTARE	Finisar	Net Optics	STEALTHbits Technologies
Arbor Networks	FireEye	NetApp	SUSE
Arista	FireMon	NetBrain	Symantec
Aruba Networks	Fluke Networks	NetScout	Symmetricom
Avago Technologies	ForeScout Technologies	Netskope	T5
Avant Communications	Fortinet	Network Executive Software	Tele-Communication, Inc.
Avocent Corporation	Fuji	Nimble Storage	Tenable Network Security
Axway	Fujifilm	Norman Data Defense Systems, Inc.	Texas Memory Systems
Barracuda Networks	Fujitsu	Northern Software	The Written Word
BlueCat Networks	Fusion-io	Novell	TierPoint
BMC Software	Gemalto	NTP Software	Tintri
Boldon James	GIGABYTE	Nutanix	Titus
Box	Gigamon	NVIDIA	TransVault
Bradford Networks	Google	OCZ Technology	Trend Micro
Brocade	Guidance Software	Opengear	Tripp Lite
CA Technologies	HBGary	Oracle	Tripwire
Cable-Comm Technologies	HDS	Palo Alto Networks	Trustwave Holdings
Carbon Black	Hewlett Packard Enterprise	Panasonic North America	Tufin Software North America, Inc.
Catbird Networks	IBM	Panduit	Variphy
CCX Corporation	Imation		



Forsythe (2:2)

- In business 46 years
- \$1.2B in 2016
- Partner with more than 200 technology OEMs



Centrify	Imperva	Panzura	Varonis
Cenzic	Index Engines	Peer Software	VCE
Chatsworth	Infoblox	Pivot3	Veeam
Check Point	Intel	PKWARE	Veracode
Ciena	IPsoft	Proofpoint	Veritas
Cisco	Ipswitch	Pure Storage	Vertiv
Citrix	ISI Telemanagement Solutions, Inc.	Qlogic	Viavi Solutions
Cloudgenix	Ixia	Qualys	Violin Memory
CommVault	JadeLiquid Software	Quantum	Viptela
Cortelco	JDSU	Radware	Virtual Instruments
Crossbeam Systems	Juniper	Rapid7	VMTurbo
CrowdStrike	Kingston	Raritan	VMware
CTERA Networks	Lancop	RecoveryPlanner	Voltage Security
CyberArk	Lantronix	Red Hat	Vormetric
Cylance	Lenovo	RedSeal Systems	Websense
Damballa	Liebert	Resilient, an IBM Company	Winchester Systems
		Reveille Software	Zerto

- Focusing on solutions to business problems ... not products



What Meta7 Brings To The Party

- Oracle only division of Forsythe
- Platinum Partner
- Focuses on the entire Oracle technology stack
 - The entire line of Oracle infrastructure from x86 through the full stack of engineered systems and storage
 - Oracle Database
 - Design and Deployment
 - Stability
 - Security
 - Scalability
 - Data Integration (GoldenGate)
 - Oracle Cloud
 - DevOps
 - Infrastructure as Code
- Focusing on solutions to business problems ... not products





Oracle Magazine July – August 2017

Features
Departments
Technology & Comment Sections—
Articles and Columns

FEATURES

Great Integrations

By David Baum

Cloud-based integration reduces complexity and connects the enterprise.

Analytics for Business

By David Baum

Organizations look to the cloud to make mission-critical decisions.

Go Big, Go Metal

By Linda Currey Post

Falconry chooses Oracle Bare Metal Cloud Services to support its pattern-recognition software.

Lessons Learned

By Jeff Erickson

Meta7 shares three top tips for moving to the cloud.



FEATURE

Lessons Learned

By Jeff Erickson

As Published In
ORACLE
MAGAZINE
July/August 2017

Meta7 shares three top tips for moving to the cloud.

Meta7 knows firsthand how cloud computing is changing organizations and careers. Persistent requests from clients prompted the firm, an Oracle Platinum Partner, to purchase more than US\$1.3 million worth of Oracle platform and infrastructure services to deepen its own expertise in helping customers procure and implement Oracle Cloud solutions.

Since then, the company has migrated some of its own business processes to the cloud and built many models and demos based on scenarios at clients of various sizes. "We've worked to understand everything from how a third-party on-premises application leverages Oracle Database Cloud to what's involved in a complete lift-and-shift of Oracle E-Business Suite to Oracle Cloud," says Paul Zajdel, vice president at Meta7, a division of Forsythe Technology that is dedicated to the Oracle stack.

What the Meta7 team learned goes well beyond cloud service features and functions. Team members have stretched their skills with new technologies and have taken on new roles to accommodate cloud services in application architectures.

That kind of change is nothing new for Meta7 and Forsythe, which began in the early 1970s as a technology hardware leasing company. "We've reinvented ourselves several times throughout our 45-year existence," says Zajdel. It started with leasing, then reselling, then adding services, then adding security, and now adding managed services. He adds, "We're in an industry that shifts. Each time the industry shifts, we have to shift, too."

“All the deep-dive tuning and performance work, all the spinning up instances, the time it takes to understand how the new release handles things and explain how it's different— that's high-value, time-consuming work that DBAs don't have to do when the database is in the cloud.”

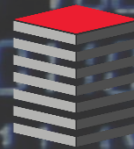
— Paul Zajdel,
Vice President, Meta7



Stability: IT Fire Fighting



Oracle Stack Security



Scalability: VLDBs and Partitioning



Database Performance



Zero Downtime Migration



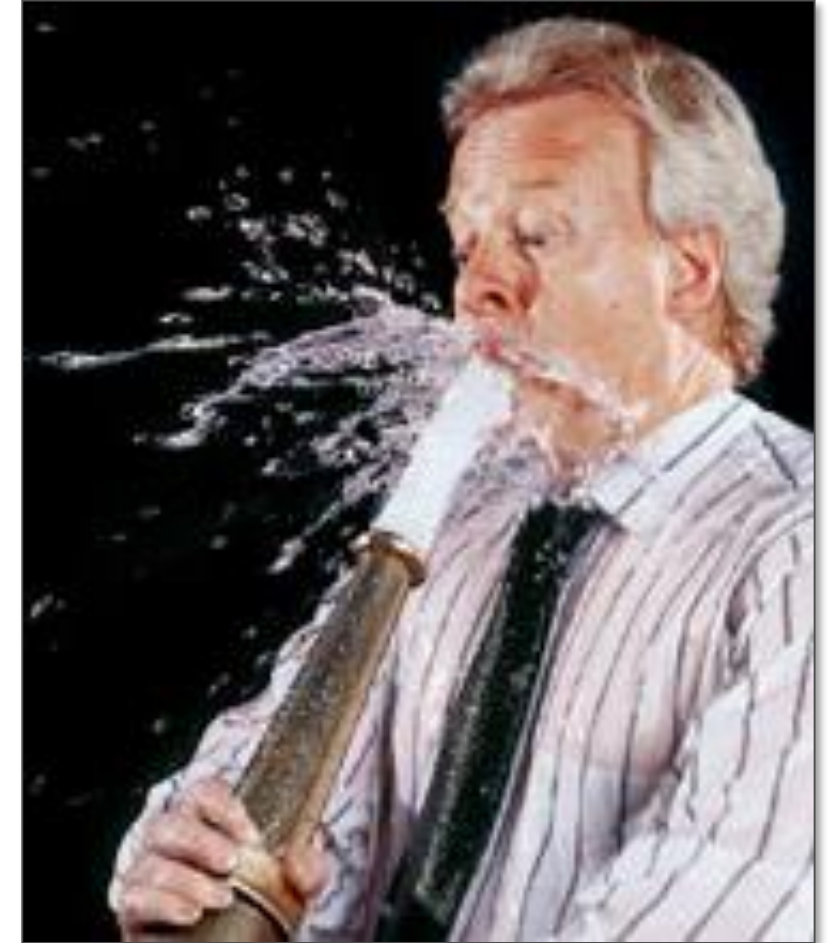
Just In Time IT Procurement



Content Density Warning



Take Notes



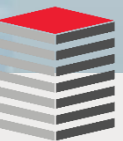
If you don't think this will affect you consider the following

- Oracle 18.0 should be released in a few weeks with >180 new features
 - Oracle has changed `./runInstaller` and OUI to make them more Cloud compatible
- Oracle 18.1 will be released in January
- Oracle 18.2 will be released in April
- Oracle is moving to eliminate SYSDBA
 - We now have users named GGSYS, SYSBACKUP, SYSDG, SYSKM, SYSRAC?
- The Oracle Database on Linux may move to rpms with installation and patching fully automated from a YUM server
- The database's kernel is being rewritten so that almost all patches will not require an outage
- Expect OEM and other tools to manage the database through the REST API
- Do not be surprised if SQL*Plus and Server Control are merged into a single tool and DBAs will be strongly discouraged for using it for everything except troubleshooting and root cause analysis

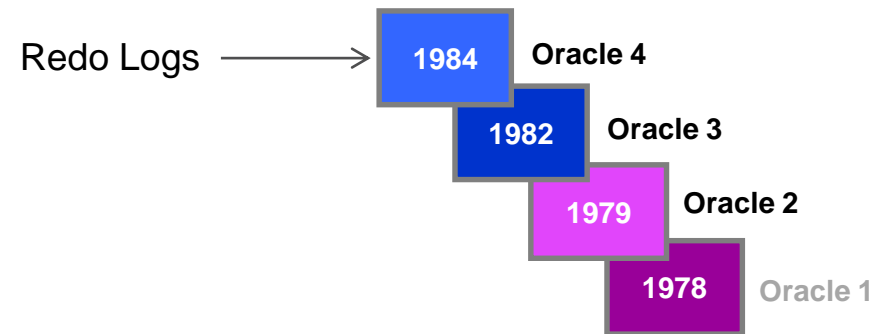




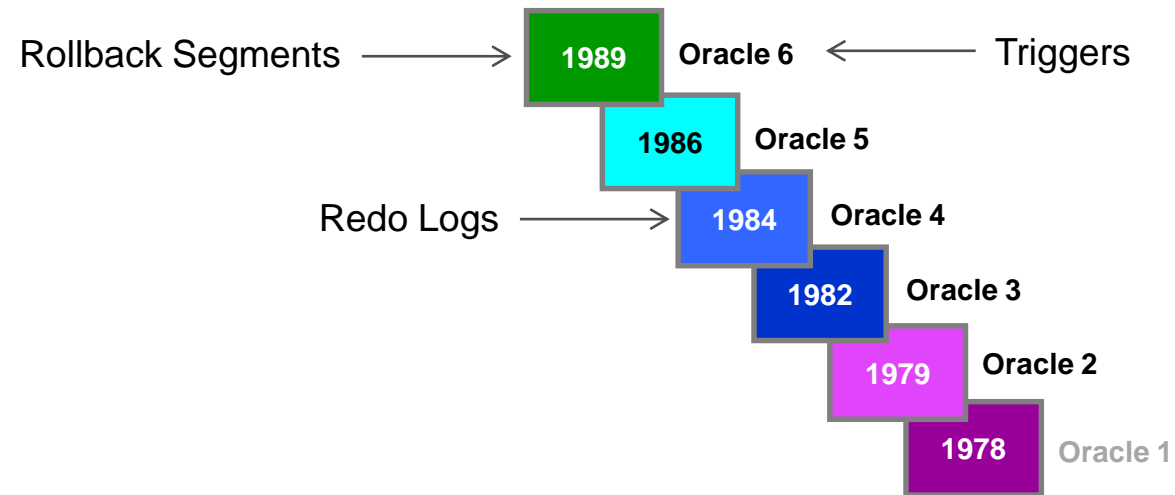
Introduction to Database 12c



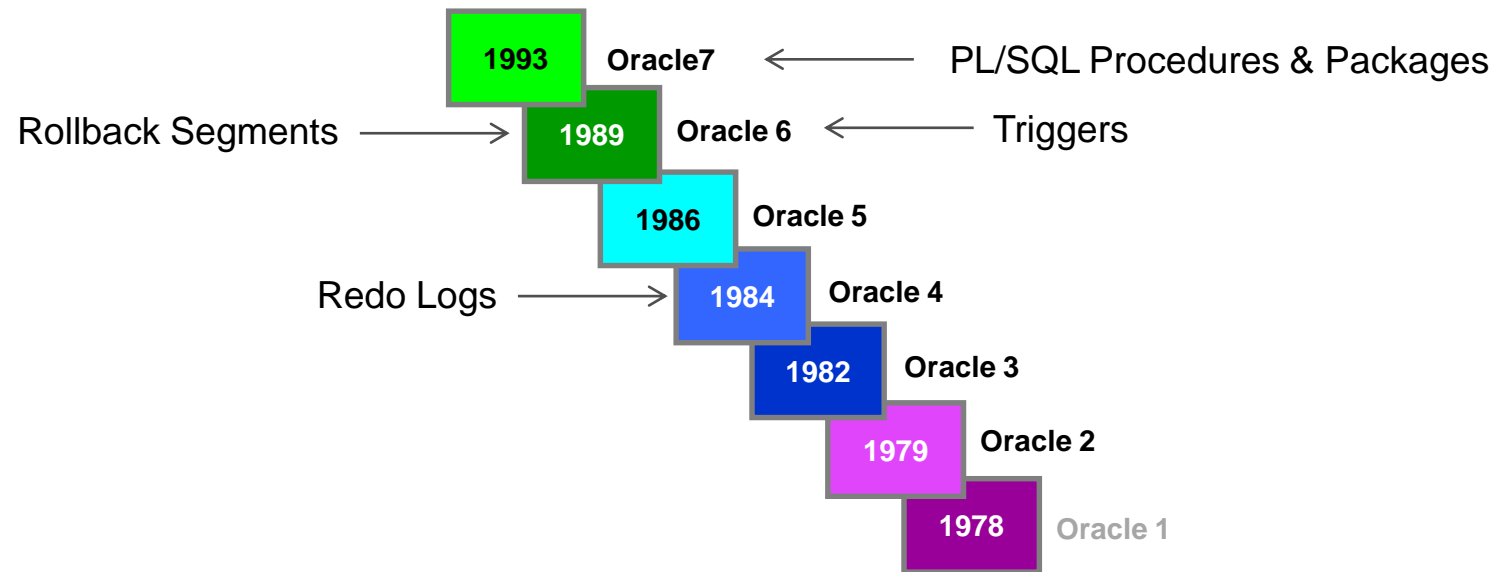
A Brief History of the Oracle Database



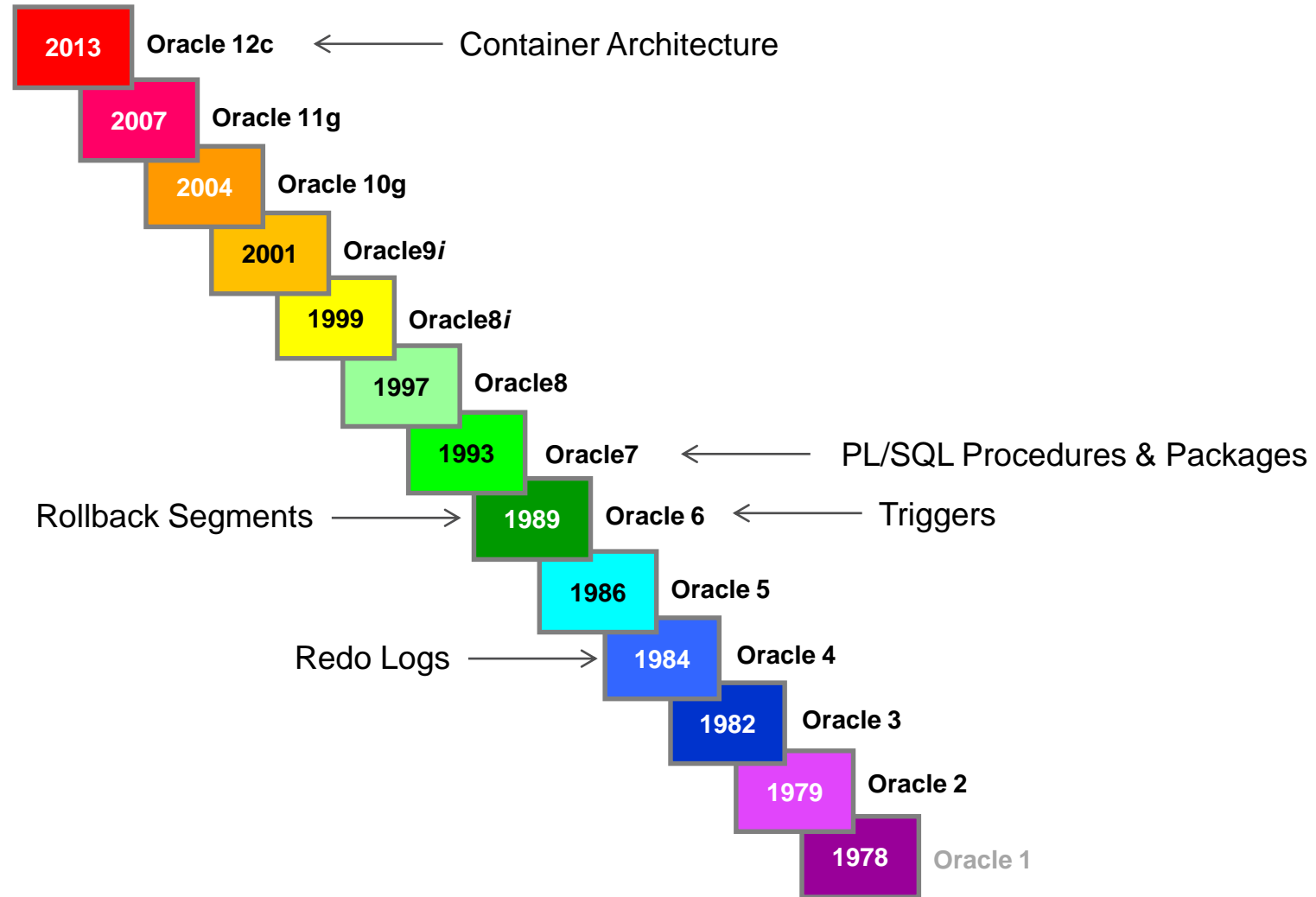
A Brief History of the Oracle Database



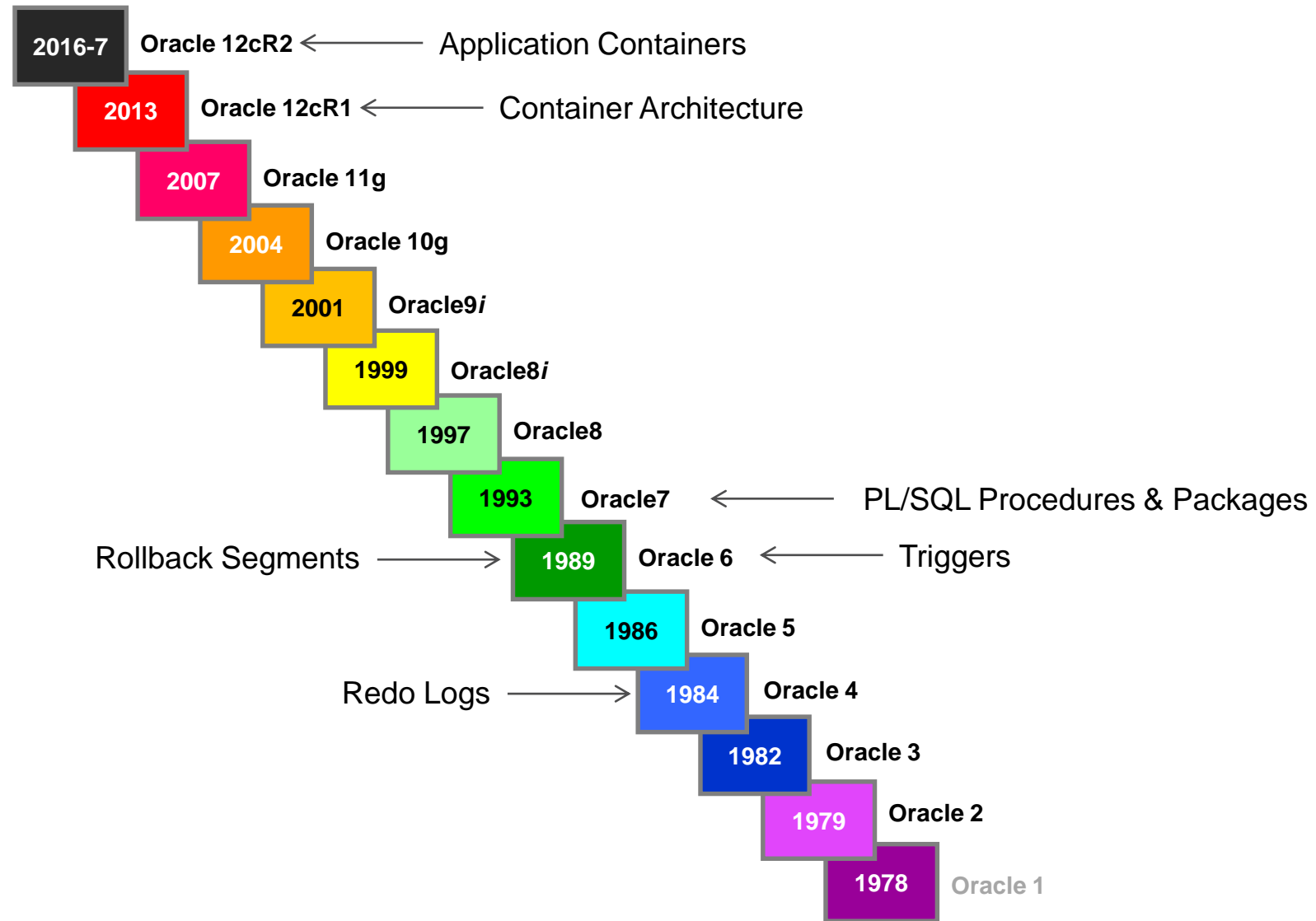
A Brief History of the Oracle Database



A Brief History of the Oracle Database



A Brief History of the Oracle Database

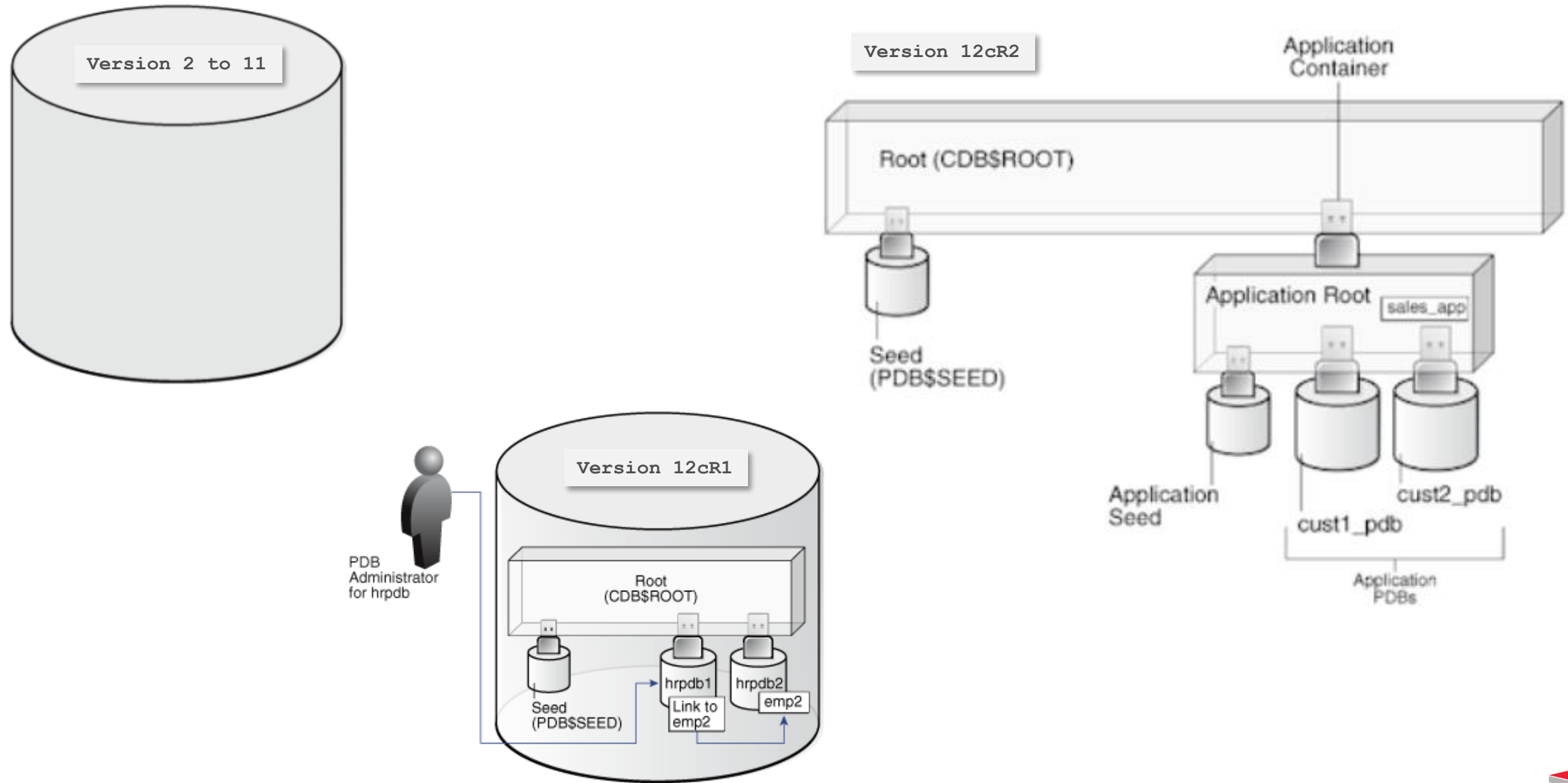




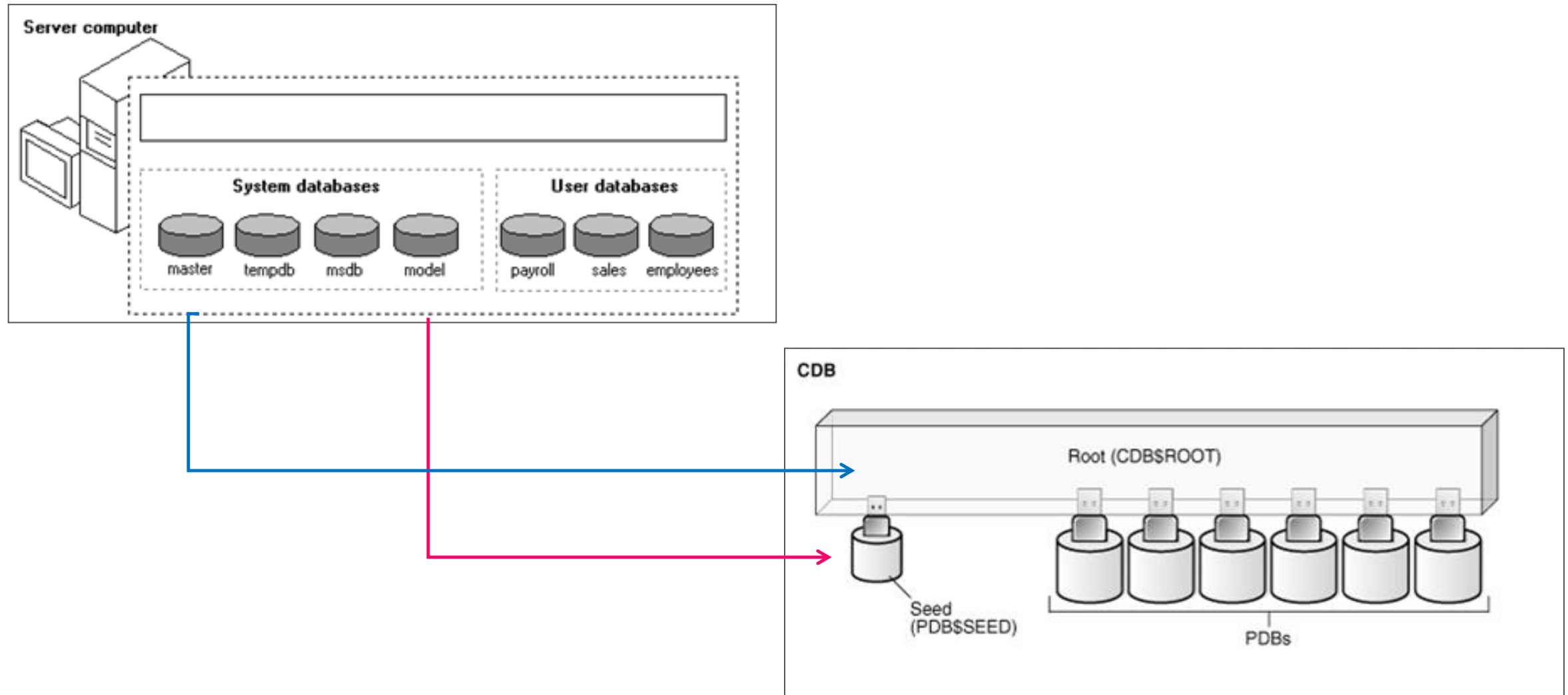
New Physical Architecture



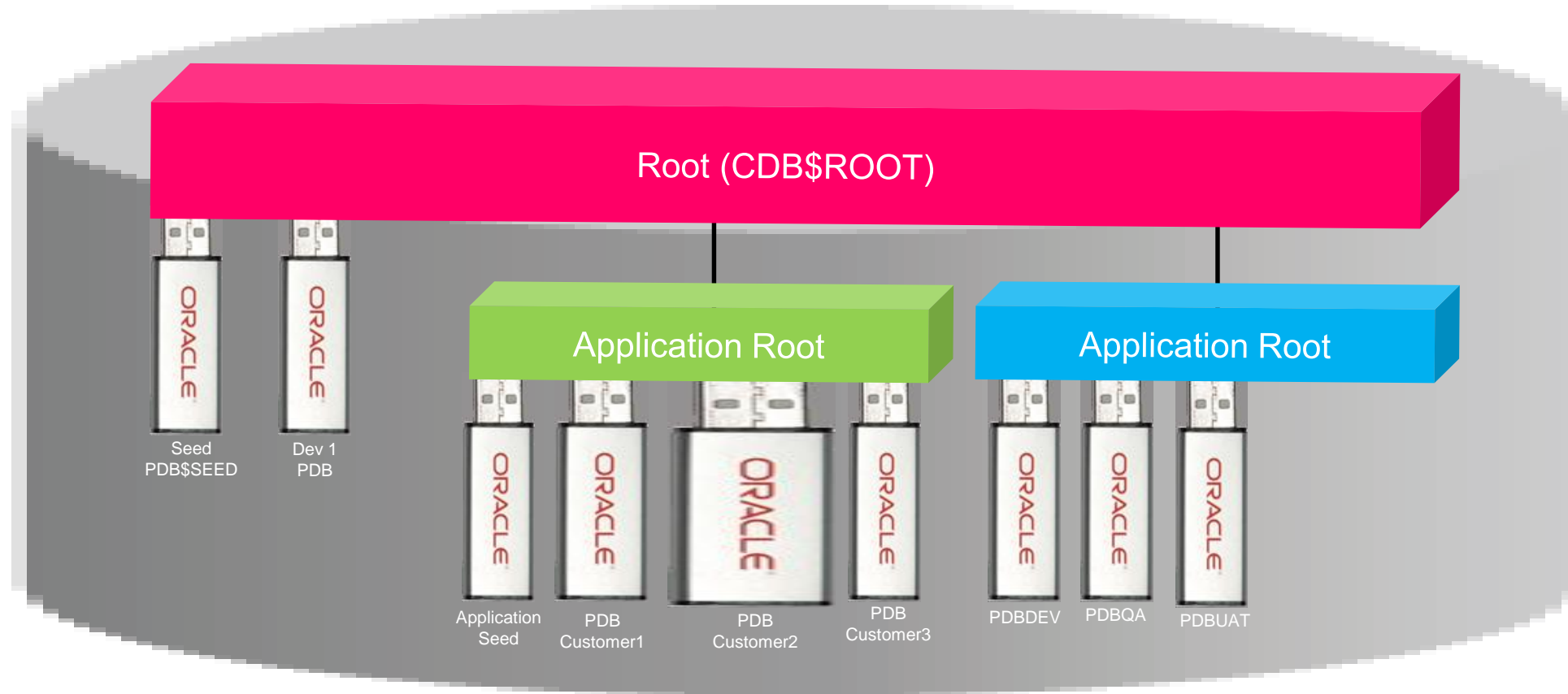
New 12cR2 Container Database Architecture



New 12cR1 Container Database Architecture



New 12cR2 Container Database Architecture





New Features



What Is The Definition Of "New Feature"?

- As with everything in Oracle ... it depends
- There are the new features as defined by newly licensed options
- There are the new features as defined by Oracle's monitoring
- There are the new features as defined by the "New Features Guide"
- And then there is everything that is truly new because it has not existed in previous incarnations of our favourite database



12cR1 Feature Usage Report Additions (1:3)

Feature Proc	Description
DBMS_FEATURE_ACTIVE_DATA_GUARD	Identifies use of Active Data Guard is in use
DBMS_FEATURE_ADAPTIVE_PLANS	Identifies use of Adaptive Execution Plans
DBMS_FEATURE_ADV_IDXCMP	Identifies use of index compression
DBMS_FEATURE_ADV_TABCMP	Identifies use of table compression
DBMS_FEATURE_AUDIT_OPTIONS	Identifies use of audit options
DBMS_FEATURE_AUTO_REOPT	Identifies use of Adaptive Reoptimization
DBMS_FEATURE_BA_OWNER	Identifies use of Database Logging Recovery Appliance (DBLRA)
DBMS_FEATURE_CONCURRENT_STATS	Identifies use of concurrent statistics
DBMS_FEATURE_DATABASE_ODM	Identifies whether Oracle Data Mining
DBMS_FEATURE_DATA_REDACTION	Identifies use of Data Redaction
DBMS_FEATURE_DBFS_CONTENT	Identifies use of DBFS_CONTENT to display the path items from all available content stores
DBMS_FEATURE_DBFS_HS	Identifies use of the DBFS Hierarchical Content Store
DBMS_FEATURE_DBFS_SFS	Identifies use of DBFS Content Storage Administration Sample Implementation
DBMS_FEATURE_EMX	Identifies use of Enterprise Manager Express
DBMS_FEATURE_FGA_AUDIT	Identifies use of Fine Grained Auditing
DBMS_FEATURE_GATEWAYS	Identifies use of database Gateways
DBMS_FEATURE_GOLDENGATE	Identifies use of GoldenGate
DBMS_FEATURE_HCCRLL	Identifies use of Hybrid Columnar Compression Row Level Locking



12cR1 Feature Usage Report Additions (2:3)

Feature Proc	Description
DBMS_FEATURE_HEATMAP	Identifies use of Heat Maps
DBMS_FEATURE_IDH	Identifies use of In-Database Hadoop
DBMS_FEATURE_ILM	Identifies use of Information Lifecycle Management
DBMS_FEATURE_IMA	Identifies use of In-Memory Aggregation
DBMS_FEATURE_IMC	Identifies use of In-Memory Column Store
DBMS_FEATURE_IOT	Identifies use of Index Organized Tables
DBMS_FEATURE_JSON	Identifies use of JavaScript Object Notation
DBMS_FEATURE_LABEL_SECURITY	Identifies use of Label Security
DBMS_FEATURE_MOVE_DATAFILE	Identifies use of Online Datafile Moves
DBMS_FEATURE_ONLINE_REDEF	Identifies use of Online Redefinition
DBMS_FEATURE_PILLAR_EHCC	Identifies use of Pillar Hybrid Columnar Compression
DBMS_FEATURE_PILLAR_STORAGE	Identifies use of Pillar Storage
DBMS_FEATURE_PRIV_CAPTURE	Identifies use of Privilege Capture
DBMS_FEATURE_RAS	Identifies use of Real Application Security
DBMS_FEATURE_ROND	Identifies use of RAC One Node
DBMS_FEATURE_SEG_MAIN_ONL_COMP	Identifies use of Segment Compressed as the result of Online Partition Maintenance
DBMS_FEATURE_SPD	Identifies use of Statistical Incremental Maintenance
DBMS_FEATURE_STREAMS	Identifies use of Streams



12cR1 Feature Usage Report Additions (3:3)

Feature Proc	Description
DBMS_FEATURE_TSDP	Identifies use of Transparent Sensitive Data Protection
DBMS_FEATURE_UNIFIED_AUDIT	Identifies use of Unified Audit Policies
DBMS_FEATURE_XSTREAM_IN	Identifies use of XStream Input
DBMS_FEATURE_XSTREAM_OUT	Identifies use of XStream Output
DBMS_FEATURE_XSTREAM_STREAMS	Identifies use of XStream Streams
DBMS_FEATURE_ZFS_EHCC	Identifies use of ZFS Hybrid Columnar Compression
DBMS_FEATURE_ZFS_STORAGE	Identifies use of ZFS Storage
DBMS_FEATURE_ZMAP	Identifies use of Zone Maps



12cR2 Feature Usage Report Additions

Feature Proc	Description
DBMS_FEATURE_ACFS	Determines whether ACFS Drivers are loaded
DBMS_FEATURE_ACFS_ENCR	Detects usage of ACFS Encryption
DBMS_FEATURE_ACFS_SNAPSHOT	Detects usage of ACFS Snapshots
DBMS_FEATURE_AFD	Detects usage of ASM Filter Driver
DBMS_FEATURE_CLOUD_EHCC	Detects usage of Cloud Exadata Hybrid Columnar Compression
DBMS_FEATURE_FLEX_ASM	Detects usage of Flex ASM
DBMS_FEATURE_HCCCONV	Detects usage of Hybrid Columnar Compression Conventional Load
DBMS_FEATURE_IMFS	Detects usage of In-Memory FastStart
DBMS_FEATURE_IM_ADO	Detects usage of In-Memory ADO Policies
DBMS_FEATURE_IM_EXPRESSIONS	Detects usage of In-Memory Expressions
DBMS_FEATURE_IM_FORSERVICE	Detects usage of In-Memory For Service usage
DBMS_FEATURE_IM_JOINGROUPS	Detects usage of In-Memory Join Groups
DBMS_FEATURE_SHARD	Detects whether the current container is a database shard
DBMS_FEATURE_THP	Detects the usage of ASM Thin Provisioning
DBMS_FEATURE_UTILITIES5	Detects the usage of database utilities for external tables {ORACLE_LOADER}
DBMS_FEATURE_UTILITIES6	Detects the usage of database utilities for external tables (ORACLE_BIGSQL)



12.2: SQL*Plus History Command

```
SQL> show history
```

```
history is OFF
```

```
SQL> set history on
```

```
SQL> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM tab$;
```

```
      COUNT(*)  
-----  
          2150
```

```
SQL> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM obj$;
```

```
      COUNT(*)  
-----  
       72629
```

```
SQL> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM source$;
```

```
      COUNT(*)  
-----  
       12992
```

```
SQL> hist
```

```
 1 SELECT COUNT(*) FROM tab$;  
 2 SELECT COUNT(*) FROM obj$;  
 3 SELECT COUNT(*) FROM source$;
```

```
SQL> run 3
```

```
 1* SELECT COUNT(*) FROM source$
```

```
      COUNT(*)  
-----  
       12992
```

```
HIST[ORY] [n RUN | EDIT | DEL[ETE]] | [CLEAR | LIST]
```

```
SQL> hist list
```

```
 1 SELECT COUNT(*) FROM tab$;  
 2 SELECT COUNT(*) FROM obj$;  
 3 SELECT COUNT(*) FROM source$;  
 4 cl scr  
 5 run 3  
 6 run 2  
 7 edit 3  
 8 run 2  
 9 edit 2
```

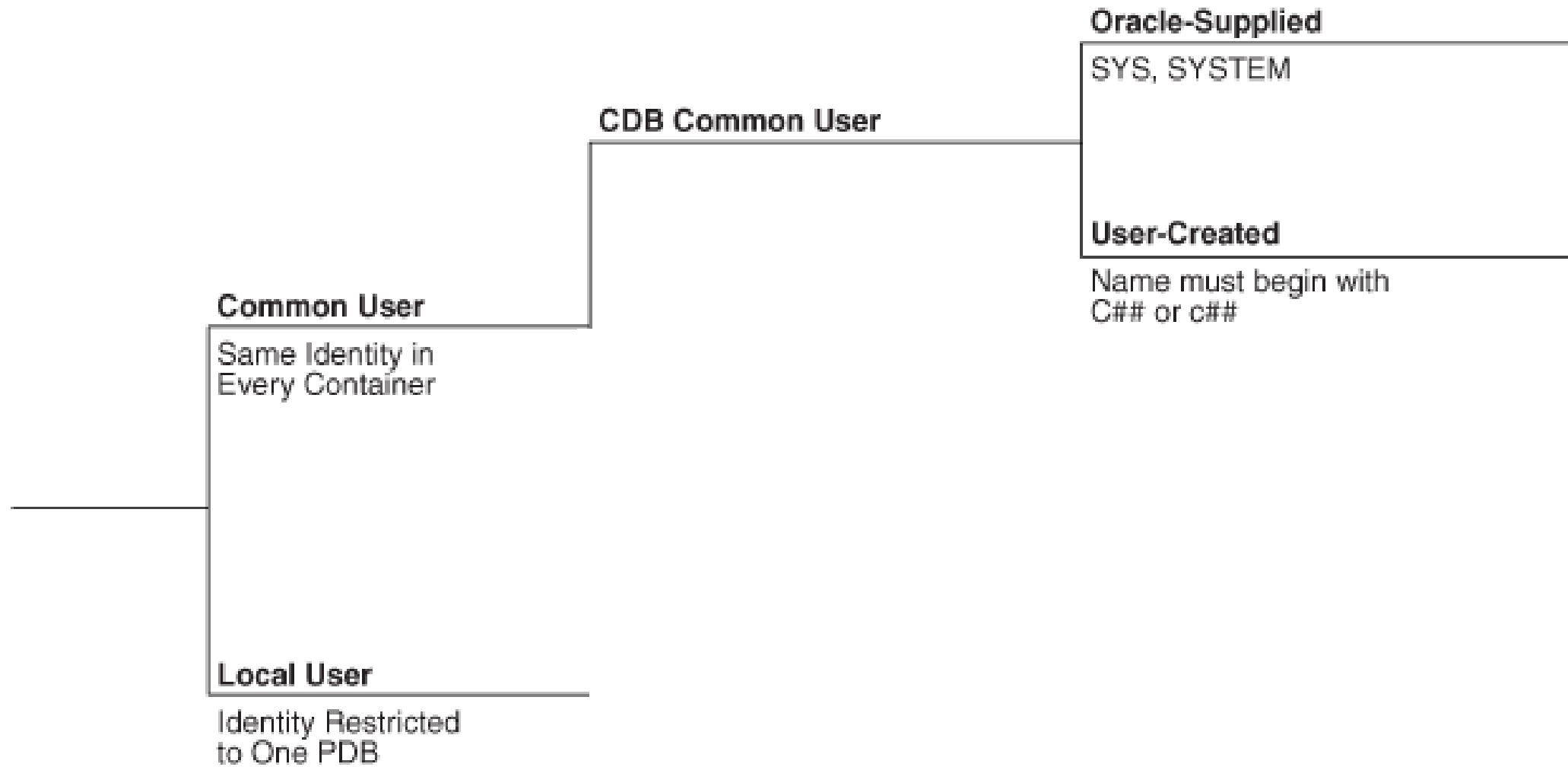




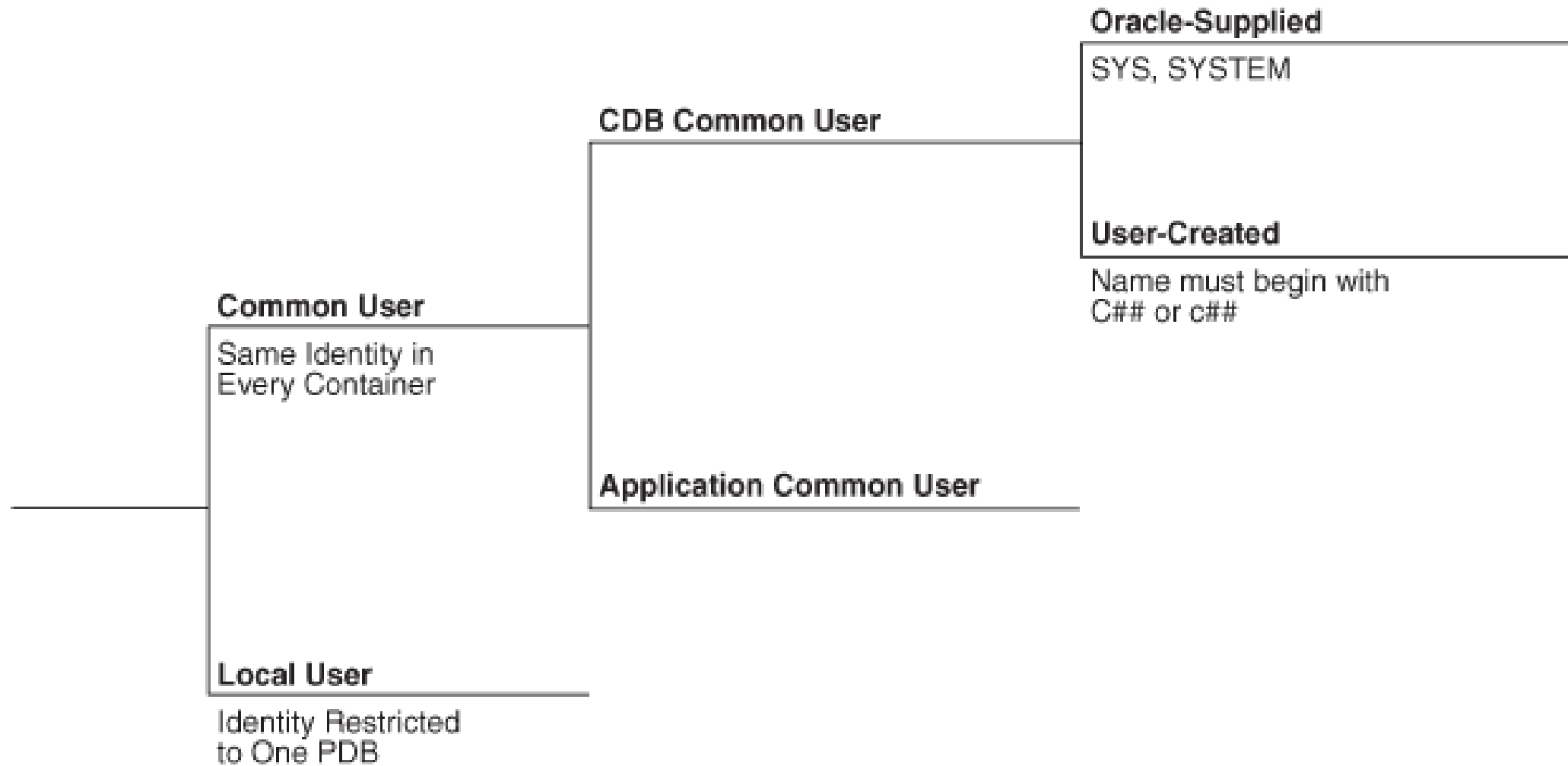
New Users



New 12cR1 Container Database User Architecture



New 12cR2 Container Database User Architecture



New: 12cR1

AUDSYS
GSMADMIN_INTERNAL
GSMCATUSER
GSMUSER
PDBADMIN
SYSBACKUP
SYSDG
SYSKM

New: 12cR2

APEX_050100
APEX_INSTANCE_ADMIN_USER
APEX_LISTENER
APEX_REST_PUBLIC_USER
DBJSON
DBSFUSER
GGSYS
HRREST
OBE
ORDS_METADATA
ORDS_PUBLIC_USER
PDBADMIN
REMOTE_SCHEDULER_AGENT
RESTFUL
SYS\$UMF
SYSRAC
XDBEXT
XDBPM
XFILES

Dropped

SPATIAL_WFS_USR



New Users With Escalated Privs

USERNAME	Usage
GGSYS	The internal account used by Oracle GoldenGate. It should not be unlocked or used for a database login.
SYSBACKUP	This privilege allows a user to perform backup and recovery operations either from Oracle Recovery Manager (RMAN) or SQL*Plus.
SYSDG	This privilege allows a user to perform Data Guard operations can use this privilege with either Data Guard Broker or the DGMGRL command-line interface.
SYSKM	This privilege allows a user to perform Transparent Data Encryption keystore operations.
SYSRAC	<p>This privilege allows the Oracle agent of Oracle Clusterware to perform Oracle Real Application Clusters (Oracle RAC) operations.</p> <p>SYSRAC facilitates Oracle Real Application Clusters (Oracle RAC) operations by connecting to the database by the Clusterware agent on behalf of Oracle RAC utilities such as SRVCTL.</p>





New Profiles, Roles & System Privs



New Security Features

- 12cR1
 - New password validation functions
 - New Profiles
 - New Roles
 - New System Privileges
 - New secconf.sql file
 - Unified key management interface for Transparent Data Encryption with ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT statement
- 12cR2
 - New Roles
 - New System Privileges



Profiles

12cR1 Default

COMPOSITE_LIMIT	UNLIMITED
CONNECT_TIME	UNLIMITED
CPU_PER_CALL	UNLIMITED
CPU_PER_SESSION	UNLIMITED
FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS	10
IDLE_TIME	UNLIMITED

LOGICAL_READS_PER_CALL	UNLIMITED
LOGICAL_READS_PER_SESSION	UNLIMITED
PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME	7
PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME	180
PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME	1
PASSWORD_REUSE_MAX	UNLIMITED
PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME	UNLIMITED
PASSWORD_VERIFY_FUNCTION	NULL
PRIVATE_SGA	UNLIMITED
SESSIONS_PER_USER	UNLIMITED

12cR2 ORA_STIG_PROFILE

COMPOSITE_LIMIT	UNLIMITED
CONNECT_TIME	UNLIMITED
CPU_PER_CALL	UNLIMITED
CPU_PER_SESSION	UNLIMITED
FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS	3
IDLE TIME	15

INACTIVE_ACCOUNT_TIME	35
LOGICAL_READS_PER_CALL	UNLIMITED
LOGICAL_READS_PER_SESSION	UNLIMITED
PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME	5
PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME	60
PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME	UNLIMITED
PASSWORD_REUSE_MAX	10
PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME	265
PASSWORD_VERIFY_FUNCTION	ORA12C_STIG_VERIFY_FUNCTION
PRIVATE_SGA	UNLIMITED
SESSIONS_PER_USER	UNLIMITED

Starting with this release, you can use the INACTIVE_ACCOUNT_TIME parameter to automatically lock the account of a database user who has not logged in to the database instance in a specified number of days.



Roles

12cR1 New

ADM_PARALLEL_EXECUTE_TASK
APEX_GRANTS_FOR_NEW_USERS_ROLE
AUDIT_ADMIN
AUDIT_VIEWER
CAPTURE_ADMIN
CDB_DBA
DBHADOOP
DV_AUDIT_CLEANUP
DV_GOLDENGATE_ADMIN
DV_GOLDENGATE_REDO_ACCESS
DV_MONITOR
DV_PATCH_ADMIN
DV_STREAMS_ADMIN
DV_XSTREAM_ADMIN
EM_EXPRESS_ALL
EM_EXPRESS_BASIC
GSMADMIN_ROLE
GSMUSER_ROLE
GSM_POOLADMIN_ROLE
HS_ADMIN_SELECT_ROLE
LBAC_DBA
OPTIMIZER_PROCESSING_RATE
PDB_DBA
PROVISIONER
XS_CACHE_ADMIN
XS_NAMESPACE_ADMIN
XS_RESOURCE
XS_SESSION_ADMIN

12cR1 Dropped

DELETE_CATALOG_ROLE

12cR2 New

APEX_ADMINISTRATOR_READ_ROLE
APPLICATION_TRACE_VIEWER
DATAPATCH_ROLE
DBJAVASCRIPT
DBMS_MDX_INTERNAL
DV_POLICY_OWNER
GGSYS_ROLE
RDFCTX_ADMIN
RECOVERY_CATALOG_OWNER_VPD
SODA_APP
SYSUMF_ROLE
XFILES_ADMINISTRATOR
XFILES_USER
XS_CONNECT

12cR2 Dropped

DBAHADOOP
SPATIAL_WFS_ADMIN
WFS_USR_ROLE
XS_RESOURCE



12cR1 Profile Script (1:2)

- \$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/admin/utlpwdmg.sql
- Contains the following password verification functions
 - ora12c_verify_function
 - verify_function_11G
 - verify_function

```
-- This script alters the default parameters for Password Management. This means that all the users on the system
-- have Password Management enabled and set to the following values unless another profile is created with parameter
-- values set to different value or UNLIMITED is created and assigned to the user.

ALTER PROFILE DEFAULT LIMIT
PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME 180
PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME 7
PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME UNLIMITED
PASSWORD_REUSE_MAX UNLIMITED
FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS 10
PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME 1
PASSWORD_VERIFY_FUNCTION ora12c_verify_function;

/**
The below set of password profile parameters would take into consideration
recommendations from Center for Internet Security\[CIS Oracle 11g\].

ALTER PROFILE DEFAULT LIMIT
PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME 90
PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME 3
PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME 365
PASSWORD_REUSE_MAX 20
FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS 3
PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME 1
PASSWORD_VERIFY_FUNCTION ora12c_verify_function;
*/

/**
The below set of password profile parameters would take into
consideration recommendations from Department of Defense Database
Security Technical Implementation Guide\[STIG v8R1\].

ALTER PROFILE DEFAULT LIMIT
PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME 60
PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME 365
PASSWORD_REUSE_MAX 5
FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS 3
PASSWORD_VERIFY_FUNCTION ora12c_strong_verify_function;
*/
```



12cR1 Profile Script (2:2)

- \$ORACLE_HOME/rbms/admin/utlpwdmg.sql
- Contains the following password profile alterations

```
-- This script alters the default parameters for Password Management. This means that all the users on the
-- system have Password Management enabled and set to the following values unless another profile is created
-- with parameter values set to different value or UNLIMITED is created and assigned to the user.

ALTER PROFILE DEFAULT LIMIT
PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME 180
PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME 7
PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME UNLIMITED
PASSWORD_REUSE_MAX UNLIMITED
FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS 10
PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME 1
PASSWORD_VERIFY_FUNCTION ora12c_verify_function;

/**
The below set of password profile parameters would take into consideration
recommendations from Center for Internet Security[CIS Oracle 11g].
ALTER PROFILE DEFAULT LIMIT
PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME 90
PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME 3
PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME 365
PASSWORD_REUSE_MAX 20
FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS 3
PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME 1
PASSWORD_VERIFY_FUNCTION ora12c_verify_function;
*/

/**
The below set of password profile parameters would take into consideration recommendations from Department of
Defense Database Security Technical Implementation Guide[STIG v8R1].
ALTER PROFILE DEFAULT LIMIT
PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME 60
PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME 365
PASSWORD_REUSE_MAX 5
FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS 3
PASSWORD_VERIFY_FUNCTION ora12c_strong_verify_function;
*/
```



System Privileges

12cR1 New

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT
ALTER ANY CUBE BUILD PROCESS
ALTER ANY MEASURE FOLDER
ALTER ANY SQL TRANSLATION PROFILE
CREATE ANY CREDENTIAL
CREATE ANY SQL TRANSLATION PROFILE
CREATE CREDENTIAL
CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE
CREATE SQL TRANSLATION PROFILE
DROP ANY SQL TRANSLATION PROFILE
EM EXPRESS CONNECT
EXEMPT ACCESS POLICY
EXEMPT DDL REDACTION POLICY
EXEMPT DML REDACTION POLICY
EXEMPT IDENTITY POLICY
EXEMPT REDACTION POLICY
INHERIT ANY PRIVILEGES
KEEP_DATE TIME
KEEP_SYSGUID
LOGMINING
PURGE DBA_RECYCLEBIN
REDEFINE ANY TABLE
SELECT ANY CUBE BUILD PROCESS
SELECT ANY MEASURE FOLDER
SET CONTAINER
SYSBACKUP
SYSDG
SYSKM
TRANSLATE ANY SQL
USE ANY SQL TRANSLATION PROFILE

12.1.0.2 Modified

SELECT ANY DICTIONARY (altered to exclude some objects)

12cR2 New

ALTER ANY ANALYTIC VIEW
CREATE ANALYTIC VIEW
CREATE ANY ANALYTIC VIEW
DROP ANY ANALYTIC VIEW

ALTER ANY ATTRIBUTE DIMENSION
CREATE ANY ATTRIBUTE DIMENSION
CREATE ATTRIBUTE DIMENSION
DROP ANY ATTRIBUTE DIMENSION

ALTER ANY HIERARCHY
CREATE ANY HIERARCHY
CREATE HIERARCHY
DROP ANY HIERARCHY

ALTER LOCKDOWN PROFILE
CREATE LOCKDOWN PROFILE
DROP LOCKDOWN PROFILE

DEBUG CONNECT ANY

INHERIT ANY REMOTE PRIVILEGES

SYSRAC

USE ANY JOB RESOURCE



12cR1 & R2 Security Configuration Script (1:3)

- \$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/admin/secconf.sql

```
Rem
Rem $Header: rdbms/admin/secconf.sql /main/17 2015/11/07 10:29:36 anupkk Exp $
Rem
Rem secconf.sql
Rem
Rem Copyright (c) 2006, 2015, Oracle and/or its affiliates.
Rem All rights reserved.
Rem
Rem      NAME
Rem      secconf.sql - SECure CONFIguration script
Rem
Rem      DESCRIPTION
Rem      Secure configuration settings for the database include a reasonable
Rem      default password profile, password complexity checks, audit settings
Rem      (enabled, with admin actions audited), and as many revokes from PUBLIC
Rem      as possible. In the first phase, only the default password profile is
Rem      included.
Rem
Rem
Rem      NOTES
Rem      Only invoked for newly created databases, not for upgraded databases
Rem
Rem BEGIN SQL_FILE_METADATA
Rem SQL_SOURCE_FILE: rdbms/admin/secconf.sql
Rem SQL_SHIPPED_FILE: rdbms/admin/secconf.sql
Rem SQL_PHASE: SECCONF
Rem SQL_STARTUP_MODE: NORMAL
Rem SQL_IGNOREABLE_ERRORS: NONE
Rem SQL_CALLING_FILE: rdbms/admin/execsec.sql
Rem END SQL_FILE_METADATA
Rem
```



12cR1 & R2 Security Configuration Script (2:3)

- \$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/admin/secconf.sql

```
Rem      MODIFIED      (MM/DD/YY)
Rem      risgupta      02/17/14 - Bug 18174384: Remove Logon/Logoff actions from
Rem                                     ORA_SECURECONFIG audit policy
Rem      surman        01/22/14 - 13922626: Update SQL metadata
Rem      vpriyans       09/21/13 - Bug 17299076: Added ORA_CIS_RECOMMENDATIONS audit
Rem                                     policy
Rem      jkati          02/04/13 - bug#16080525: Enable audit on DBMS_RLS by default
Rem      amunnoli       02/18/13 - Bug #16310544: add CREATE/DROP/ALTER PLUGGABLE
Rem                                     DB actions to default audit configuration
Rem      vpriyans       06/05/12 - Bug 12904308: Audit CREATE DIRECTORY by default
Rem      vpriyans       03/22/12 - Bug 13413683: Rename predefined audit policies
Rem                                     and add few more actions and privileges
Rem      nkgopal        09/08/11 - Bug 12794116: Configure Audit based on input
Rem                                     argument
Rem      apsrivas       09/30/08 - bug 7428539: Add missing audit settings
Rem      asurpur        06/16/06 - audit changes for sec config
Rem      rburns         06/12/06 - secure configuration script
Rem      rburns         06/12/06 - Created
Rem

@@?/rdbms/admin/sqlsessstart.sql

Rem Secure configuration settings. Currently, only the default password
Rem profile is included, without the password complexity check and has
Rem the recommended audit settings. We will add the revokes from PUBLIC, and
Rem the password complexity checks.

-- Create password profile without a password complexity routine, for backward
-- compatibility. Add the routine if possible without breaking tests
```



12cR1 & R2 Security Configuration Script (3:3)

- \$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/admin/secconf.sql
- Creates the following audit policies
 - ORA_ACCOUNT_MGMT
 - ORA_DATABASE_PARAMETER
 - ORA_LOGON_FAILURES ACTIONS LOGON
 - ORA_SECURECONFIG
 - ORA_CIS_RECOMMENDATIONS



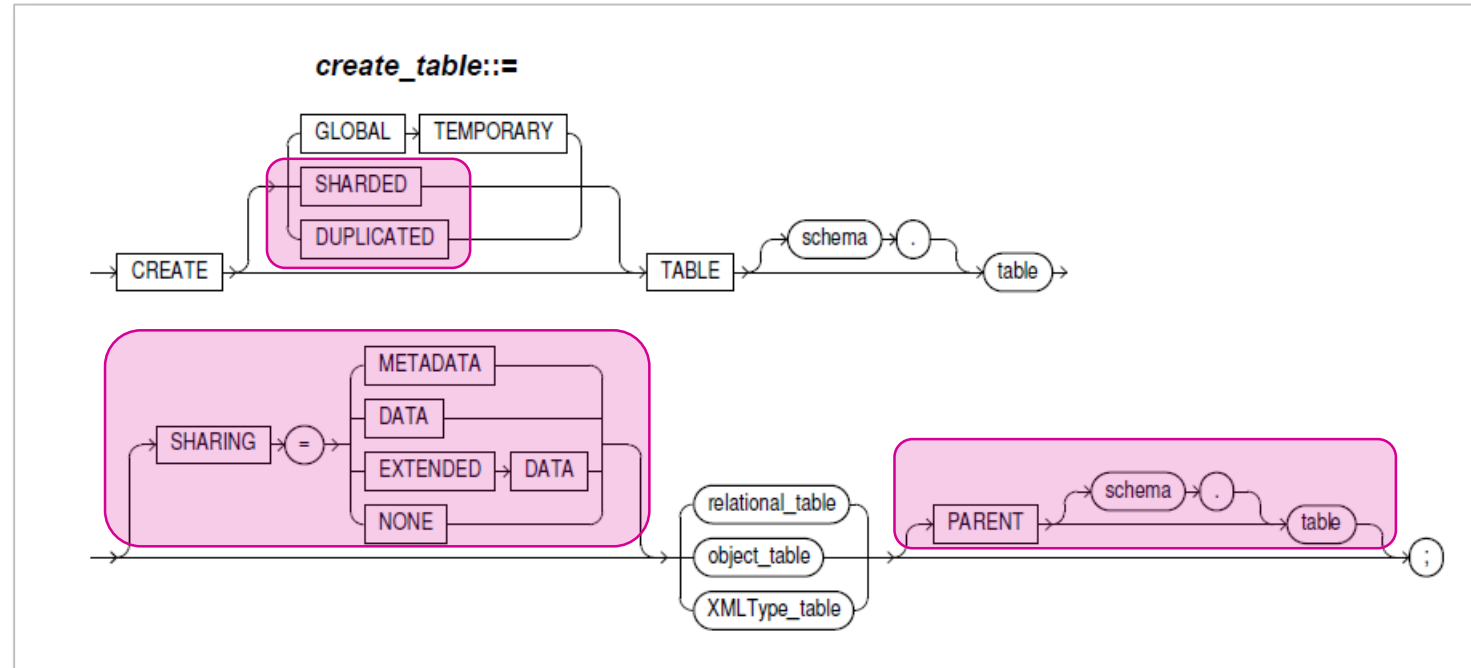


New SQL



Sharding

- Oracle provides full sharding capability within the database



SQL Object Changes (1:3)

- Identifiers can now be 128 bytes

```
SQL>  
SQL> create table thisisatotallyobnoxiouslynamedtable (  
    2  col1 DATE);
```

Table created.

```
SQL> desc thisisatotallyobnoxiouslynamedtable
```

Name	Null?	Type
COL1		DATE

- The Java Virtual Machine supports them too
- Write development guidelines immediately!
- Materialized Views
 - Real-Time Materialized Views
Materialized views can be used for query rewrite even if they are not fully synchronized with the base tables and are considered stale
 - Statement-Level Refresh
In addition to ON COMMIT and ON DEMAND refresh, the materialized join views can be refreshed when a DML operation takes place, without the need to commit such a transaction. This is predominantly relevant for star schema deployments



New SQL Functions (1:4)

- 12.1
 - APPROX_COUNT_DISTINCT
- 12.2
 - Enhanced
 - ListAgg can now handle string overflow conditions
 - New
 - APPROX_COUNT_DISTINCT_AGG
 - APPROX_COUNT_DISTINCT_DETAIL
 - APPROX_MEDIAN
 - APPROX_PERCENTILE
 - APPROX_PERCENTILE_AGG
 - APPROX_PERCENTILE_DETAIL
 - TO_APPROX_COUNT_DISTINCT
 - TO_APPROX_PERCENTILE

```
SQL> SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT(object_name)) FROM dba_objects;

COUNT(DISTINCT(OBJECT_NAME))
-----
                        60311

SQL> SELECT APPROX_COUNT_DISTINCT(object_name) FROM dba_objects;

APPROX_COUNT_DISTINCT(OBJECT_NAME)
-----
                        60954
```



New SQL Functions (2:4)

- COLLATION (sorting)
- FEATURE_COMPARE (document comparison)
- JSON_DATAGUIDE (json)
- NLS_COLLATION_ID
- NLS_COLLATION_NAME
- ORA_DM_PARTITION_NAME (data mining)

```
SELECT 1-feature_compare(esa_wiki_mod
                        USING 'There are several PGA tour golfers from South Africa' text
                        AND USING 'Nick Price won the 2002 Mastercard Colonial Open' text)
        AS SIMILARITY

FROM DUAL;

SIMILARITY
-----
        .258
```



■ VALIDATE_CONVERSION

```
VALIDATE_CONVERSION(<expression> AS <expression_type> [format [, <'nls_parameter>']]);
```

```
SQL> SELECT VALIDATE_CONVERSION('$42.95' AS BINARY_FLOAT)
FROM DUAL;
```

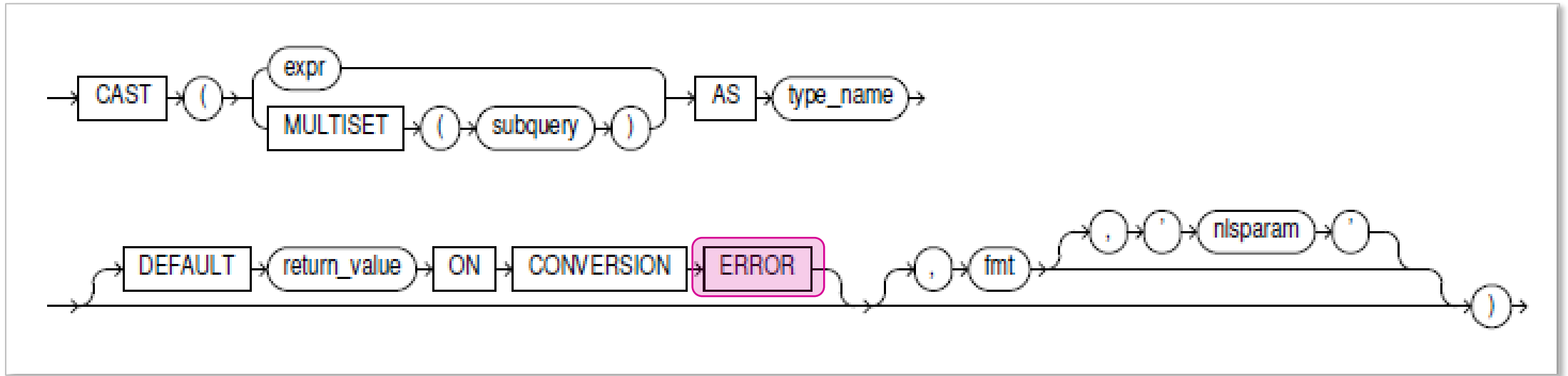
```
VALIDATE_CONVERSION('$42.95' AS BINARY_FLOAT)
-----
0
```

```
SQL> SELECT VALIDATE_CONVERSION('$42.95' AS BINARY_FLOAT, '$99D99')
FROM DUAL;
```

```
VALIDATE_CONVERSION('$42.95' AS BINARY_FLOAT, '$99D99')
-----
1
```



- Enhancing CAST Function With Error Handling



```
SELECT CAST('January 15, 1989, 11:00 A.M.' AS DATE
DEFAULT NULL ON CONVERSION ERROR,
'Month dd, YYYY, HH:MI A.M.')
FROM DUAL;
```

```
SELECT CAST('1999-12-01 11:00:00 -8:00' AS TIMESTAMP WITH TIME ZONE
DEFAULT '2000-01-01 01:00:00 -8:00' ON CONVERSION ERROR,
'YYYY-MM-DD HH:MI:SS TZH:TZM',
'NLS_DATE_LANGUAGE = American')
FROM DUAL;
```

Enhanced JSON Support

- DataGuides for identifying JSON document structures
- Improved search indexes
- JSON docs can be created and altered directly from SQL and PL/SQL
- Path expressions have simplified syntax
- PL/SQL support for JSON operators
- Sharding Support



12.2: JSON DataGuides

- A data guide is a summary of the structural and type information contained in a set of JSON documents that record metadata about the fields used in those documents
- There are two formats for a data guide: flat and hierarchical available to SQL and PL/SQL as CLOB data
- JSON data-guide information can be saved persistently as part of the JSON search index infrastructure, and this information is updated automatically as new JSON content is added
- When you create a JSON search index
 - data-guide information is part of the index infrastructure
 - You can use a data guide:
 - As a basis for developing applications that involve data mining, business intelligence, or other analysis of JSON documents
 - As a basis for providing user assistance about requested JSON information, including search
 - To check or manipulate new JSON documents before adding them to a document
 - set (for example: validate, type-check, or exclude certain fields)





New PL/SQL



- **White Lists (ACCESSIBLE BY) Enhancements**
White lists can be defined for individual subprograms in a package. The ACCESSIBLE BY clause specifies a list of PL/SQL units that are considered safe to invoke the subprogram, and blocks all others.
- **Binding PL/SQL-Only Data Types to SQL Statements Using DBMS_SQL**
 - Release 12.1 introduced the ability to bind values of PL/SQL only data types, most notably PLS_INTEGER tables of records to SQL statements
 - There were some restrictions which are lifted in this release. The PL/SQL only data types can now be bound using the DBMS_SQL API and by invoking a C external procedure
 - This improvement brings the DBMS_SQL API in parity with the native dynamic SQL
- **Improving the PL/SQL Debugger**
- **PL/Scope Reports on Static SQL Statements and Call Sites for Dynamic SQL**
- **New PL/SQL Pragma to Mark an Item as Deprecated**
- **New Pragmas**
 - Coverage
 - Deprecation



- Static PL/SQL Expressions Now Allowed Where Previously Literals Were Required
- Some examples of places where, in earlier releases, a literal was required are:
 - The length of the constraint in a VARCHAR2 declaration
 - The precision and scale in a NUMBER declaration
- Now you can use expressions, but the values must allow computation at compile time
- You can now write PL/SQL programs so that the intention is self-evident without comments
- You can also change PL/SQL programs to reflect changed requirements by making changes at far fewer sites
- The canonical example is the VARCHAR2 that holds the text of a simple SQL identifier
- This needs to be 128 bytes plus 2 additional bytes; 128 bytes for the name, and 2 bytes to enable double quoting.



New PL/SQL (3:3)

Connected to:

Oracle Database 12c Enterprise Edition Release 12.1.0.2.0 - 64bit Production
With the Partitioning, OLAP, Advanced Analytics and Real Application Testing options

```
SQL> DECLARE
```

```
2   y VARCHAR2(20/5);
```

```
3   BEGIN
```

```
4     NULL;
```

```
5   END;
```

```
6   /
```

```
y VARCHAR2(20/5);  
          *
```

ERROR at line 2:

ORA-06550: line 2, column 13:

PLS-00491: numeric literal required

Connected to:

Oracle Database 12c Enterprise Edition Release 12.2.0.1.0 - 64bit Production
With the Parationing, OLAP, Advanced Analytics and Real Application testing Options

```
SQL> DECLARE
```

```
2   y VARCHAR2(20/5);
```

```
3   BEGIN
```

```
4     NULL;
```

```
5   END;
```

```
6   /
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.



12.2: JavaScript Stored Procedures (1:2)

- A new built-in package DBMS_JAVASCRIPT to allow what is referred to as "Java Stored Procedures"

```
-- create file and store at $ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/jlib
var Driver = Packages.oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver;
var oracleDriver = new Driver();
var url = "jdbc:default:connection: "; // server-side JDBC driver
var query = "SELECT first_name, last_name from employees";
// Establish a JDBC connection
var connection = oracleDriver.defaultConnection();
// Prepare statement
var preparedStatement = connection.prepareStatement(query);
// execute Query
var resultSet = preparedStatement.executeQuery();
// display results
    while(resultSet.next()) {
        print(resultSet.getString(1) + " == " + resultSet.getString(2) + " " );
    }
// cleanup
resultSet.close();
preparedStatement.close();
connection.close();
```



12.2: JavaScript Stored Procedures (2:2)

```
SQL> CREATE ROLE c##nashorn;
Role created.

SQL> exec dbms_java.grant_permission('C##NASHORN', 'SYS:java.lang.RuntimePermission', 'createClassLoader', '' );
Call completed.

SQL> exec dbms_java.grant_permission('C##NASHORN', 'SYS:java.lang.RuntimePermission', 'getClassLoader', '' );
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> exec dbms_java.grant_permission('C##NASHORN', 'SYS:java.util.logging.LoggingPermission', 'control', '' );
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

GRANT c##nashorn TO hr;
Grant succeeded.

SQL> exec dbms_java.loadjava('-v -r rdbms/jlib/database.js');
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> hr/hr@orcl
SQL> serveroutput on

SQL> exec dbms_java.set_output(80000);
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> exec dbms_javascript.run('rdbms/jlib/database.js');
Dan == Morgan
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> exec dbms_java.dropjava('-s rdbms/jlib/database.js');
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```





New Built-in Packages



Deprecated/Dropped Packages

■ 12cR1

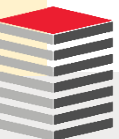
BLAST_CUR
CODE\$_PRIV
COMMAND_RULE\$_PRIV
CWM2_OLAP_INSTALLER
DBMSNCDB
DBMS_AMD
DBMS_APPCTX
DBMS_DBLINK
DBMS_JDM_INTERNAL
DBMS_OWB
DBMS_RULE_COMPATIBLE_90
DBMS_SQL2
DBMS_XDB
DBMS_XDSUTL
DBMS_XS_MTCACHE_FFI
DBMS_XS_PRINCIPALS_INT
SYS.DBMS_XS_PRINCIPAL_EVENTS_INT
SYS.HTMLDB_SYSTEM
MGMT_BSLN
MGMT_BSLN_INTERNAL
MGMT_DM
MGMT_PREFERENCES
MGMT_TARGET
MGMT_USER
ODM_ABN_MODEL
OWA_DEBUG
OWA_DEBUG_DEMO
OWA_DEBUG_JDWP
OWA_DEBUG_PROFILER
OWA_DEBUG_TRACE
XS\$CATVIEW_UTIL

■ 12cR2

DBMSOBJG
DBMSOBJ2
DBMSOBJGWRAPPER
DBMSOBJG_DP
DBMS_BA
DBMS_BA_DUMP
DBMS_BA_INT
DBMS_BA_POOL
DBMS_BA_SCHEDULER
DBMS_BA_STORAGE
DBMS_ASYNCRPC_PUSH
DMBS_CLR
DBMS_DEFER
DBMS_DEFERGEN
DBMS_DEFERGEN_AUDIT
DBMS_DEFERGEN_UTIL
DBMS_DEFER_DEFINER
DBMS_DEFER_ENQ_UTL
DBMS_DEFER_IMPORT_INTERNAL
DBMS_DEFER_INTERNAL
DBMS_DEFER_INTERNAL_QUERY
DBMS_DEFER_INTERNAL_SYS
DBMS_DEFER_LOB
DBMS_DEFER_PRIORITY
DBMS_DEFER_QUERY
DBMS_DEFER_QUERY_DEFINER
DBMS_DEFER_REPCAT
DBMS_DEFER_RESOLUTION
DBMS_DEFER_SYS
DBMS_DEFER_SYS_DEFINER
DBMS_DEFER_SYS_PART1;
DBMS_DEFER_WRAP
DBMS_INTERNAL_REPCAT
DBMS_LIBCACHE

DBMS_MACSEC_ROLE_ADMIN
DBMS_MAINT_GEN
DBMS_OFFLINE_INTERNAL
DBMS_OFFLINE_OG
DBMS_OFFLINE_OG_INTERNAL
DBMS_OFFLINE_RGT
DBMS_OFFLINE_RGT_INTERNAL
DBMS_OFFLINE_SNAPSHOT
DBMS_OFFLINE_SNAPSHOT_INTERNAL
DBMS_OFFLINE_SNA_INTERNAL
DBMS_OFFLINE_UTL
DBMS_PREUP
DBMS_RECTIFIER_DIF
DBMS_RECTIFIER_DIF_INTERNAL
DBMS_RECTIFIER_FRIENDS
DBMS_REFRESH_EXP_LWM
DBMS_REFRESH_EXP_SITES
DBMS_REPCAT_ADD_MASTER
DBMS_REPCAT_ADMIN
DBMS_REPCAT_AUTH
DBMS_REPCAT_CACHE
DBMS_REPCAT_COMMON_UTL
DBMS_REPCAT_CONF
DBMS_REPCAT_DECL
DBMS_REPCAT_DEFINER
DBMS_REPCAT_EXP
DBMS_REPCAT_FLA
DBMS_REPCAT_FLA_MAS
DBMS_REPCAT_FLA_UTL
DBMS_REPCAT_INSTANTIATE
DBMS_REPCAT_INTERNAL
DBMS_REPCAT_INTERNAL_PACKAGE
DBMS_REPCAT_MAS
DBMS_REPCAT_MIGRATION

DBMS_REPCAT_MIG_INTERNAL
DBMS_REPCAT_OBJ_UTL
DBMS_REPCAT_OUTPUT
DBMS_REPCAT_RGT
DBMS_REPCAT_RGT_ALT
DBMS_REPCAT_RGT_CHK
DBMS_REPCAT_RGT_CUST
DBMS_REPCAT_RGT_CUST2
DBMS_REPCAT_RGT_EXP
DBMS_REPCAT_RGT_UTL
DBMS_REPCAT_RPC
DBMS_REPCAT_RPC_UTL
DBMS_REPCAT_RQ
DBMS_REPCAT_SNA
DBMS_REPCAT_SNA_INTERNAL
DBMS_REPCAT_SNA_UTL
DBMS_REPCAT_SQL_UTL
DBMS_REPCAT_UNTRUSTED
DBMS_REPCAT_UTL
DBMS_REPCAT_UTL2
DBMS_REPCAT_UTL3
DBMS_REPCAT_UTL4
DBMS_REPCAT_VALIDATE
DBMS_REPUTIL2
DBMS_SQLPLUS_SCRIPT
GV\$REPLPROP
GV\$REPLQUEUE
WWV_DBMS_SQL
WWV_FLOW_KEY
WWV_FLOW_VAL
XMLROOT Function



12.1 New Documented Packages (1:2)

- DBMS_APP_CONT package with 1 object
- DBMS_AUTO_REPORT package with 7 objects
- DBMS_HEAT_MAP package with 6 objects
- DBMS_ILM package with 10 objects
- DBMS_ILM_ADMIN package with 3 objects
- DBMS_INMEMORY package with 11 objects
- DBMS_PART package with 2 objects
- DBMS_PDB package with 14 objects
- DBMS_PERF package with 7 objects
- DBMS_PRIVILEGE_CAPTURE package with 5 objects
- DBMS_REDACT package with 8 objects
- DBMS_ROLLING package with 8 objects
- DBMS_SPD package with 9 objects
- DBMS_SQL_MONITOR package with 6 objects



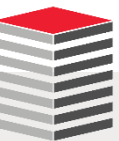
12.1 New Documented Packages (2:2)

- DBMS_SQL_TRANSLATOR package with 18 objects
- DBMS_SYNC_REFRESH with 14 objects
- DBMS_TSDP_MANAGE with 9 documented objects
- DBMS_TSDP_PROTECT with 10 objects
- UTL_CALL_STACK package with 13 objects



12.2 New Documented Packages

- DBMS_AUDIT_UTIL with 4 functions
- DBMS_DBCOMP with 1 procedure
- DBMS_GOLDENGATE_ADM with 12 objects
- DBMS_HADOOP with 2 procedures
- DBMS_HIERARCHY with 2 procs and 2 functions
- DBMS_INMEMORY_ADMIN with 9 objects
- DBMS_JAVASCRIPT with 1 proc
- DBMS_JSON with 14 objects
- DBMS_MVIEW_STATS with 3 objects: 1 overloaded
- DBMS_PDB_ALTER_SHARING with 7 objects
- DBMS_PLSQL_CODE_COVERAGE with 3 objects
- DBMS_PROCESS with 3 objects
- DBMS_UMF with 16 objects



12.2 DBMS_AUDIT_UTIL

- A valuable enhancement to auditing database activities supporting governance and security
- Enables formatting the output of queries to the DBA_FGA_AUDIT_TRAIL, DBA_AUDIT_TRAIL, UNIFIED_AUDIT_TRAIL, and V\$XML_AUDIT_TRAIL views so that the output appears in separate rows

```
SELECT db_user, object_name, sql_text, rls_predicate, rls_policy_type, rls_policy_owner, rls_policy_name
FROM TABLE(
  dbms_audit_util.decode_qls_info_atrail_fga(
    CURSOR(SELECT * FROM dba_fga_audit_trail)));
```

```
SELECT object_name, sql_text, rls_predicate, rls_policy_type, rls_policy_owner, rls_policy_name
FROM TABLE(
  dbms_audit_util.decode_qls_info_atrail_xml(
    CURSOR (SELECT * FROM v$xml_audit_trail)));
```



12.2 DBMS_DBCOMP

- Assumes that a primary database and one or more Data Guard physical standby databases are deployed
- The databases must be mounted or open before block comparison is run
- Logical standby databases, Far Sync instances, and cascaded standbys cannot be the target database

```
exec dbms_dbcomp.dbcomp('ALL', '/home/oracle/lost_write_check.txt', TRUE);
```

```
-- in a separate SQL*Plus session  
SELECT target_desc, sofar, totalwork  
FROM v$session_longops  
WHERE opname = 'BlockCompare';
```

TARGET_DESC	SO FAR	TOTALWORK
-----	-----	-----
Compared Blocks	367104	403142
Lost Writes	0	0



12.2 DBMS_GOLDENGATE_ADM (1:2)

- Interfaces to configure automatic conflict detection and resolution in an Oracle GoldenGate configuration that replicates tables between Oracle databases
- When more than one replica of a table allows changes to the table, a conflict can occur when a change is made to the same row in two different databases at nearly the same time
- GoldenGate replicates changes using row logical change records (LCRs)
- It detects a conflict by comparing the old values in the row LCR with the current values of the corresponding table row identified by the key columns
- If any column value does not match, then there is a conflict
- After a conflict is detected, GoldenGate can resolve the conflict by overwriting values in the row with some values from the row LCR, ignoring the values in the row LCR, or computing a delta to update the row values



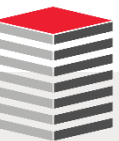
12.2 DBMS_GOLDENGATE_ADM (2:2)

■ ADD_AUTO_CDR_COLUMN_GROUP

- Adds a column group and configures GoldenGate automatic conflict detection and resolution for the column group

```
dbms_goldengate_adm.add_auto_cdr_column_group(  
  schema_name          IN VARCHAR2,  
  table_name           IN VARCHAR2,  
  column_list          IN VARCHAR2,  
  column_group_name     IN VARCHAR2          DEFAULT NULL,  
  existing_data_timestamp IN TIMESTAMP WITH TIME ZONE DEFAULT NULL);
```

```
exec dbms_goldengate_adm.alter_auto_cdr_column_group('UWCLASS', 'SERVERS', 'LATITUDE, LONGITUDE', 'POSITION_COLGRP');
```



12.2 DBMS_INMEMORY_ADMIN

- Provides interfaces for managing In-Memory Expressions (IM expressions) and the In-Memory FastStart (IM FastStart) area
- Analytic queries often contain complex expressions or calculations that can consume significant CPU and memory during execution
- Use DBMS_INMEMORY_ADMIN procedure to identify these frequently used (“hot”) expressions and populate them in the IM column store
- Avoids repeated computations and improves performance

```
dbms_inmemory_admin.faststart_enable(  
  tbs_name  IN VARCHAR2,  
  nologging IN BOOLEAN DEFAULT TRUE);
```

```
SQL> exec dbms_inmemory_admin.faststart_enable('USERS', FALSE);
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```



12.2 DBMS_JSON

- Provides an interface for DataGuide operations for those working with Java Script Object Notation inside the Oracle database

Object	Description
ADD_VIRTUAL_COLUMNS	Add virtual columns based on data-guide information. This has no effect when running on the shard catalog server - no virtual column is added.
CREATE_VIEW	Create a view with relational columns and scalar JSON fields as specified in a data guide.
CREATE_VIEW_ON_PATH	Create a view based on data-guide information, with relational columns, top-level scalar types, and fully expanded subtree under a given path. When running on the shard catalog server this raises an error stating that the data guide is empty.
DROP_VIRTUAL_COLUMNS	Drop virtual columns created by procedure ADD_VIRTUAL_COLUMNS. This has no effect when running on the shard catalog server.
GET_INDEX_DATAGUIDE	Get JSON data guide from a data guide enabled JSON search index. When running on the shard catalog server this returns a single empty row as result.
RENAME_COLUMN	Set the preferred name for a view column or a virtual column creating using a data guide. This has no effect when running on the shard catalog server.

???



12.2 DBMS_PDB_ALTER_SHARING

- This package can set a database object to one of the following types of common objects in a PDB: data-linked object, extended data-linked object, or metadata-linked object
- An application can be migrated to CDB\$ROOT or to an application PDB. For example, an application can be migrated from an application installed in a PDB plugged into a 12.1 CDB to a PDB in a 12.2 CDB
- Subprograms
 - REMOVE_LINK
 - SET_DATA_LINKED
 - SET_EXT_DATA_LINKED
 - SET_METADATA_LINKED
 - SET_PROFILE_EXPLICIT
 - SET_ROLE_EXPLICIT
 - SET_USER_EXPLICIT

```
exec dbms_pdb_alter_sharing.set_metadata_linked('C##UWCLASS','ACCOUNTS', 1);
```



12.2 DBMS_PROCESS

- Provides an interface to manage the pre-spawned servers
- By default, Oracle Database can pre-spawn foreground processes to improve the performance of client connections
- A pre-spawned process refers to a process that has been spawned but does not have a session yet
- When a user connects to the database or a service process is needed, the process performs further initialization as needed
- To manage foreground processes, use the DBMS_PROCESS package
- The procedures in this package configure the number of foreground processes for a connection pool, start a connection pool, and stop a connection pool

```
dbms_process.configure_pool(  
  pool_name      IN VARCHAR2          DEFAULT SYS_DEFAULT_FOREGROUND_POOL',  
  min_count      IN BINARY_INTEGER DEFAULT 10,  
  batch_count    IN BINARY_INTEGER DEFAULT 20,  
  init_count     IN BINARY_INTEGER DEFAULT 0);
```

```
exec dbms_process.configure_pool('UW_FRGRND_POOL', 50, 100, 0);  
exec dbms_process.start_pool('UW_FRGRND_POOL');
```





Performance Tuning



Adaptive Execution Plans (1:4)

- A set of capabilities that enables the adaptive optimizer to make run-time adjustments to execution plans and discover additional information that can lead to better optimizer statistics
- Helpful when existing statistics are not sufficient to generate an optimal plan
- An adaptive plan is one that learns about the data as it is executing

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
-----	-----	-----
<code>optimizer_adaptive_features</code>	<code>boolean</code>	<code>TRUE</code>
<code>optimizer_adaptive_reporting_only</code>	<code>boolean</code>	<code>FALSE</code>
<code>optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baselines</code>	<code>boolean</code>	<code>FALSE</code>
<code>optimizer_dynamic_sampling</code>	<code>integer</code>	<code>2</code>
<code>optimizer_features_enable</code>	<code>string</code>	<code>12.1.0.2</code>
<code>optimizer_index_caching</code>	<code>integer</code>	<code>0</code>
<code>optimizer_index_cost_adj</code>	<code>integer</code>	<code>100</code>
<code>optimizer_mode</code>	<code>string</code>	<code>ALL_ROWS</code>
<code>optimizer_secure_view_merging</code>	<code>boolean</code>	<code>TRUE</code>
<code>optimizer_use_invisible_indexes</code>	<code>boolean</code>	<code>FALSE</code>
<code>optimizer_use_pending_statistics</code>	<code>boolean</code>	<code>FALSE</code>
<code>optimizer_use_sql_plan_baselines</code>	<code>boolean</code>	<code>TRUE</code>

```
DECLARE
  i NUMBER;
  j NUMBER;
  k CLOB;
BEGIN
  dbms_feature_adaptive_plans(i, j, k);
  dbms_output.put_line('1: ' || i);
  dbms_output.put_line('2: ' || j);
  dbms_output.put_line('3: ' || k);
END;
/
1: 1
2:
3: Total number of queries: 501
Number of queries with an adaptive plan: 35
Percentage of queries with an adaptive plan:
6.98602794411177644710578842315369261477
Are the queries running in reporting mode ? : No
```

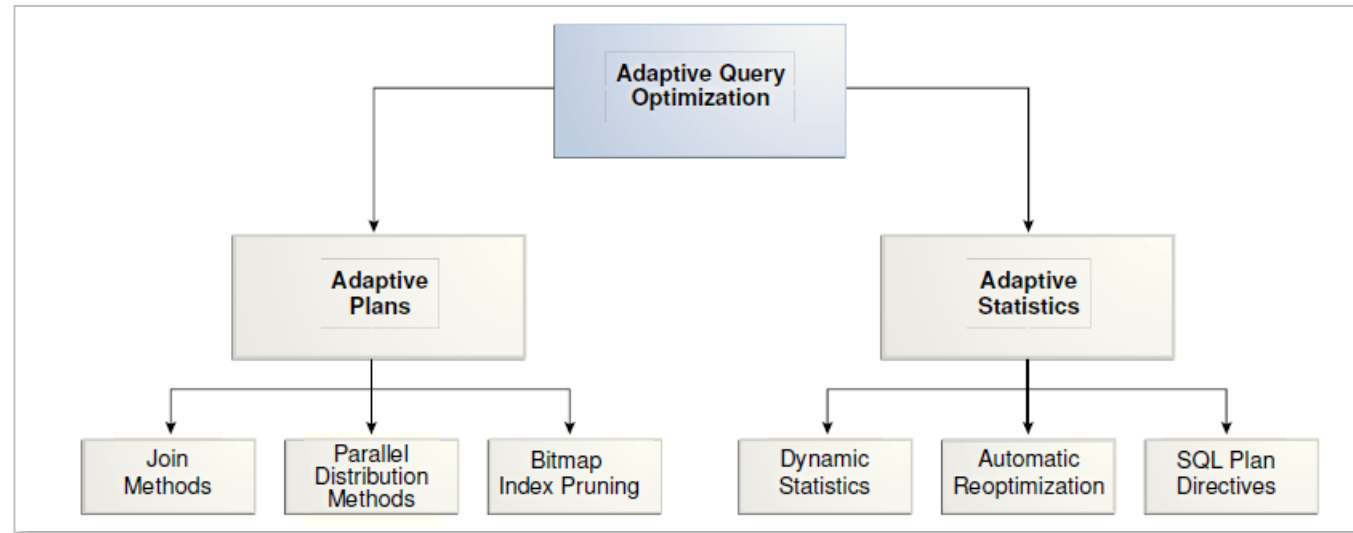


Adaptive Execution Plans (2:4)

- An option available to the DBMS_XPLAN built-in package is through the use of the format constant `ADAPTIVE` that
 - Displays the final plan, or the current plan if the execution has not completed
 - This section includes notes about runtime optimizations that affect the plan, such as switching from a Nested Loops join to a Hash join
 - Plan lineage
 - This section shows the plans that were run previously due to automatic reoptimization
 - It also shows the default plan, if the plan changed due to dynamic plans
 - Recommended plan
 - In reporting mode, the plan is chosen based on execution statistics displayed
 - Note that displaying the recommended plan for automatic reoptimization requires re-compiling the query with the optimizer adjustments collected in the child cursor
 - Displaying the recommended plan for a dynamic plan does not require this
 - Dynamic plans
 - This summarizes the portions of the plan that differ from the default plan chosen by the optimizer



Adaptive Execution Plans (3:4)



- The 12.1 parameter `OPTIMIZER_ADAPTIVE_FEATURES` has been made OBSOLETE (i.e. must be removed from the SPFILE when upgrading) in Oracle Database 12.2

```
-- 12.1.0.2
SQL> show parameter adaptive
```

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
optimizer_adaptive_reporting_only	boolean	FALSE
parallel_adaptive_multi_user	boolean	TRUE
optimizer_adaptive_features	boolean	TRUE

```
-- 12.2.0.1
SQL> show parameter adaptive
```

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
optimizer_adaptive_reporting_only	Boolean	FALSE
parallel_adaptive_multi_user	Boolean	FALSE
optimizer_adaptive_plans	Boolean	TRUE
optimizer_adaptive_statistics	Boolean	FALSE



« [OOW 2016 Update](#) | [Main](#) | [New Oracle Optimizer...](#) »

Optimizer Adaptive Features in Oracle Database 12c Release 2

By nbayliss-Oracle on Oct 12, 2016

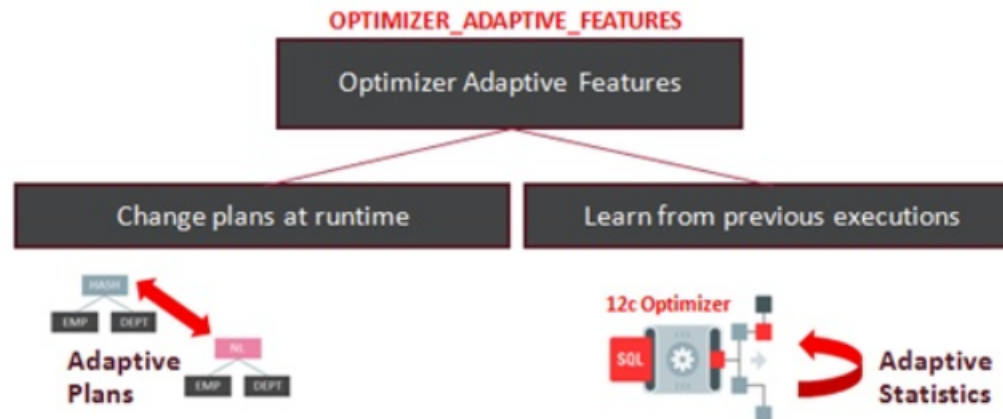
Introduction

In Oracle Database 12c Release 2 we have changed the way optimizer adaptive features can be controlled. In this post, I'll present what has changed and give you guidance on how you can choose what settings to use.

These changes are also relevant for Oracle Database 12c Release 1. If you want to know more about that, there's information at end of this post.

What's Changed

In Oracle Database 12c Release 1, the database parameter `optimizer_adaptive_features` controls all of the adaptive features like this:



About

The Oracle Optimizer blog is written by members of the Optimizer development team. The goal of this blog is to provide an insight into the workings of the Optimizer and the statistics it relies on. The views expressed on this blog are our own and do not necessarily reflect the views of Oracle and its affiliates. The views and opinions expressed by visitors on this blog are theirs solely and may not reflect ours.

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Optimizer Adaptive Features and Upgrading to Oracle Database 12c Release 2

New Optimizer Statistics White Paper

https://blogs.oracle.com/optimizer/entry/optimizer_adaptive_features_in_the
http://docs.oracle.com/database/121/TGSQL/tgsql_optcncpt.htm#TGSQL192

Explain Plan

- With every version the optimizer makes different decision even when the query is based upon the same data with the same organization
- It has taken years ... but finally Oracle has the math correct

The SQL Statement

```
SELECT srvr_id  
FROM servers  
INTERSECT  
SELECT srvr_id  
FROM serv_inst;
```

Database 11gR2

Id	Operation	Name	Rows	Bytes	Cost (%CPU)
0	SELECT STATEMENT		141	4560	6 (84)
1	INTERSECTION				
2	SORT UNIQUE NOSORT		141	564	2 (50)
3	INDEX FULL SCAN	PK_SERVERS	141	564	1 (0)
4	SORT UNIQUE		999	3996	4 (25)
5	INDEX FAST FULL SCAN	IX_SERV_INST	999	3996	3 (0)

Database 12gR1

Id	Operation	Name	Rows	Bytes	Cost (%CPU)
0	SELECT STATEMENT		141	4560	20 (10)
1	INTERSECTION				
2	SORT UNIQUE		141	564	10 (10)
3	TABLE ACCESS FULL	SERVERS	141	564	9 (0)
4	SORT UNIQUE		999	3996	10 (10)
5	TABLE ACCESS FULL	SERV_INST	999	3996	9 (0)

Database 12gR2

Id	Operation	Name	Rows	Bytes	Cost (%CPU)
0	SELECT STATEMENT		141	4560	6 (34)
1	INTERSECTION				
2	SORT UNIQUE NOSORT		141	564	2 (50)
3	INDEX FULL SCAN	PK_SERVERS	141	564	1 (0)
4	SORT UNIQUE		999	3996	4 (25)
5	INDEX FAST FULL SCAN	PK_SERV_INST	999	3996	3 (0)

more examples: www.morganslibrary.org/reference/explain_plan.html





High Availability



12cR2: New HA Features

- Reasoned "What If" Commands
 - Provided a set of evaluation commands and APIs to determine the impact of a certain operation before executing the operation
 - The reasoned What-If command evaluation feature provides the rationale behind the policy decisions and explains the entities involved, their attributes, and the criteria used to arrive at each of the potential actions
 - Why-If command evaluations help applications, cluster, and system administrators involved in capacity planning and configuration management to set up and test resource management policies
- Server Weight-Based Node Eviction
 - Acts as a tie-breaker mechanism in situations where Oracle Clusterware needs to evict a particular node or a group of nodes from a cluster
 - The server weight-based node eviction mechanism helps to identify the node or the group of nodes to be evicted based on additional information about the load on those servers
- Load-Aware Resource Placement
 - Prevents overloading a server with more applications than the server is capable of running





New Miscellaneous



Miscellaneous New Features (1:2)

- APEX 5.0
- Extensibility
 - DBAs no longer need to manually manage composite domain indexes
 - Enhanced extensible indexing framework
- Globalization
 - Case-Insensitive Database
 - Column-Level Collation (sorting ordering)
 - Default Character Set = AL32UTF8
 - Unicode 7.0 supported
- In-Memory
 - Performance enhancements for JSON



Miscellaneous New Features (2:2)

- SQL*Plus

- New ability to reissue commands similar to command history in the UNIX shell
- New commands
 - SET PREFETCH
 - SET LOBPREFETCH
 - SET STATEMENTCACHE

```
SET STATEMENTCACHE <0 | 32767>
```

```
SET STATEMENTCACHE 50
```

- Workspace Manager

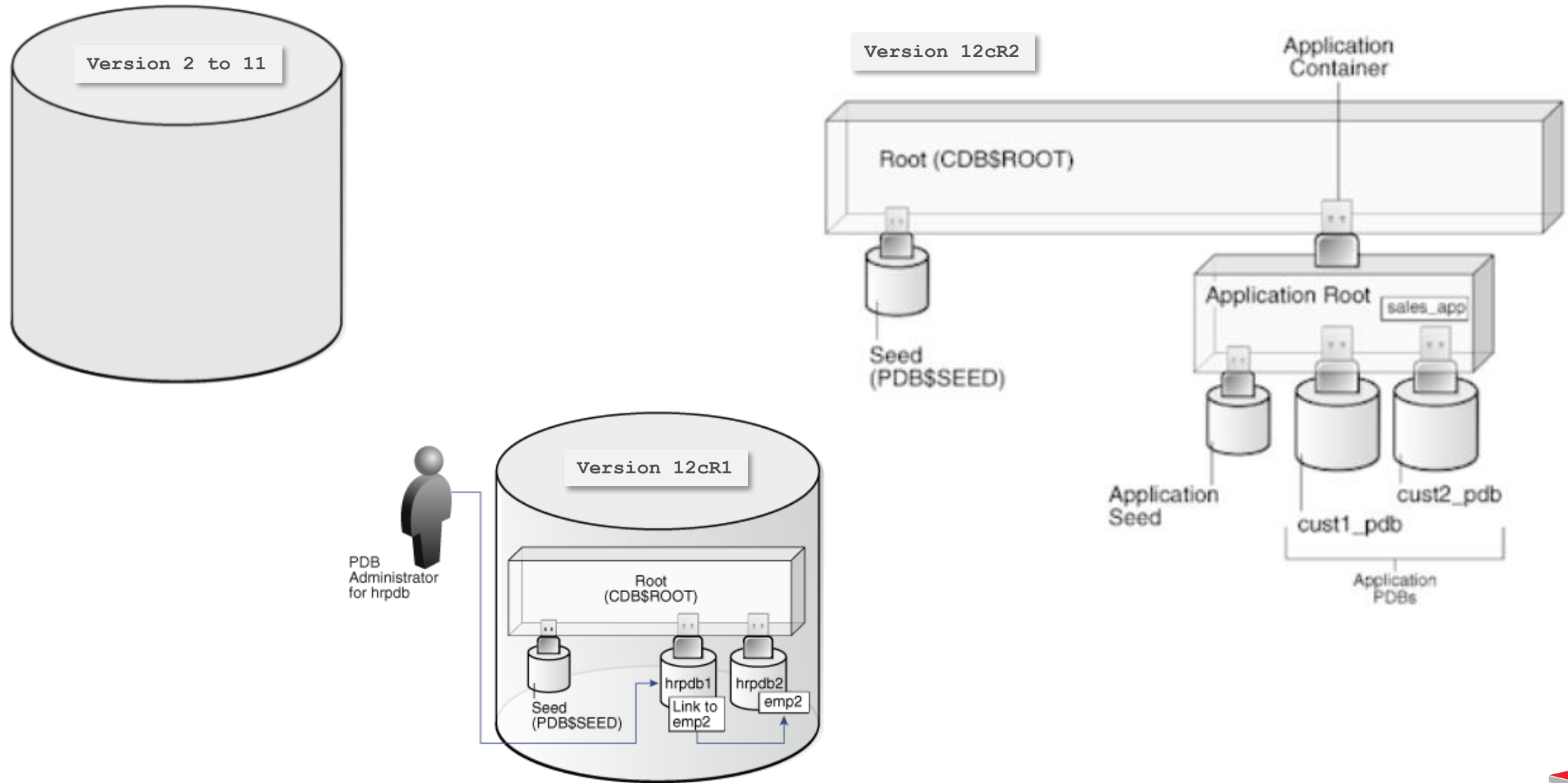
- Data changes enhanced so control change propagation
- Enhanced ability to defer deletions



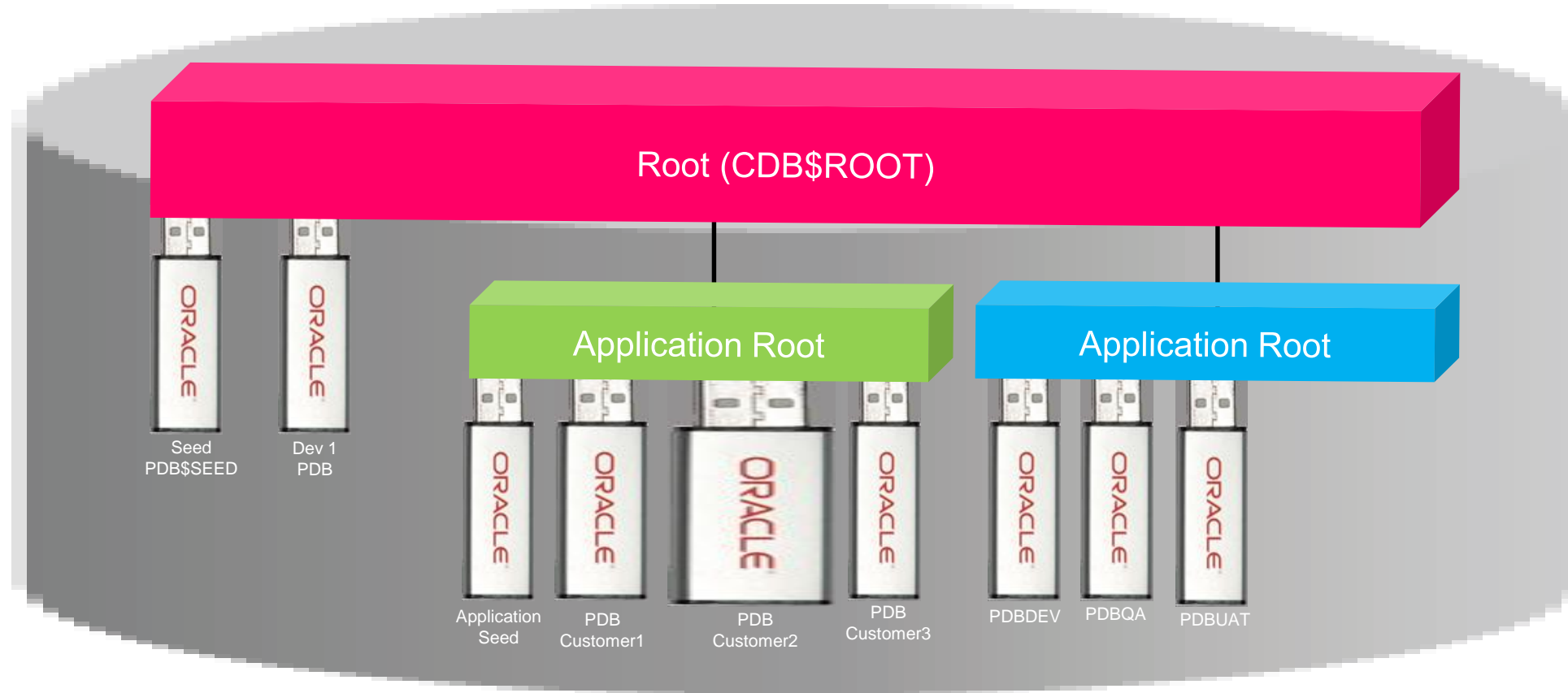
Oracle Multitenant



New 12cR2 Container Database Architecture



New 12cR2 Container Database Architecture





Create Application Root Container



Application Containers Demo 1: Create Application Root (1:4)

```
CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE <pdb_name> AS <APPLICATION CONTAINER | SEED>  
ADMIN USER <admin_user_name> IDENTIFIED BY <password>  
[ROLES = (<comma_delimited_list_of_roles>)]  
[PARALLEL <integer>]  
[DEFAULT TABLESPACE <tablespace_name>]  
[<pdb_storage_clause>]  
[<file_name_convert_clause>]  
[<service_name_convert_clause>]  
[<path_prefix_clause>]  
[TEMPFILE REUSE]  
[<user_tablespace_clause>]  
[<standby_database_clause>]  
[<LOGGING | NOLOGGING | FILESYSTEM_LIKE_LOGGING>]  
[<create_file_dest_clause>]  
[HOST = '<host_name>']  
[PORT = <port_number>;
```



Application Containers Demo 1: Create Application Root (2:4)

```
conn sys@orabase as sysdba
Enter password:
Connected.

sho con_id

CON_ID
-----
1

show con_name

CON_NAME
-----
CDB$ROOT

SELECT name, open_mode, application_root,
application_pdb, application_seed, pdb_count
FROM v$containers
ORDER BY con_id;
```

NAME	OPEN_MODE	APP	APP	APP	PDB_COUNT
CDB\$ROOT	READ WRITE	NO	NO	NO	2
PDB\$SEED	READ ONLY	NO	NO	NO	0
PDBDEV	READ WRITE	NO	NO	NO	0

```
-- as desirable as it would be to do so you cannot use
special characters in a PDB name
CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE uwapp_root
AS APPLICATION CONTAINER
ADMIN USER uwAdmin IDENTIFIED BY uwAdmin
ROLES = (CDB_DBA)
DEFAULT TABLESPACE uwapp_tbs
FILE_NAME_CONVERT = ('/pdbseed/', '/uwapp/')
USER_TABLESPACES = NONE
LOGGING;

Pluggable database created.

SELECT name, open_mode, application_root,
application_pdb, application_seed, pdb_count
FROM v$containers
ORDER BY con_id;
```

NAME	OPEN_MODE	APP	APP	APP	PDB_COUNT
CDB\$ROOT	READ WRITE	NO	NO	NO	3
PDB\$SEED	READ ONLY	NO	NO	NO	0
PDBDEV	READ WRITE	NO	NO	NO	0
UWAPP_ROOT	MOUNTED	YES	NO	NO	0

```
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE uwapp_root OPEN;

Pluggable database altered.
```



Application Containers Demo 1: Create Application Root (3:4)

```
SELECT name, creation_date, clb_goal, pdb
FROM v$services
ORDER BY 1;
```

NAME	CREATION_DATE	CLB_G	PDB
SYS\$BACKGROUND	26-JAN-2017 13:54:44	SHORT	CDB\$ROOT
SYS\$USERS	26-JAN-2017 13:54:44	SHORT	CDB\$ROOT
uwapp_root	26-MAR-2017 17:09:28	LONG	UWAPP\$ROOT
pdbdev	02-MAR-2017 07:57:37	LONG	PDBDEV
orabase	02-MAR-2017 07:52:46	LONG	CDB\$ROOT
orabaseXDB	02-MAR-2017 07:52:46	LONG	CDB\$ROOT

```
ALTER SESSION SET CONTAINER=uwapp_root;
```

Session altered.

```
sho con_id
```

CON_ID
4

```
show con_name
```

CON_NAME
UWAPP\$ROOT



Application Containers Demo 1: Create Application Root (4:4)

```
SELECT tablespace_name TBS_NAME, file_name
FROM dba_data_files
UNION
SELECT tablespace_name, file_name
FROM dba_temp_files
ORDER BY 1;
```

TBS_NAME	FILE_NAME
SYSAUX	/u01/app/oracle/oradata/orabase/uwapp/sysaux01.dbf
SYSTEM	/u01/app/oracle/oradata/orabase/uwapp/system01.dbf
TEMP	/u01/app/oracle/oradata/orabase/uwapp/temp012017-03-02_07-53-20-031-AM.dbf
UNDOTBS1	/u01/app/oracle/oradata/orabase/uwapp/undotbs01.dbf





Application Installation



Application Containers Demo 2: Application Installation (1:5)

```
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION
{ { app_name
{ BEGIN INSTALL 'app_version' [ COMMENT 'comment' ]
| END INSTALL [ 'app_version' ]
| BEGIN PATCH number [ MINIMUM VERSION 'app_version' ] [ COMMENT
'comment' ]
| END PATCH [ number ]
| BEGIN UPGRADE 'start_app_version' TO 'end_app_version' [ COMMENT
'comment' ]
| END UPGRADE [ TO 'end_app_version' ]
| BEGIN UNINSTALL
| END UNINSTALL
| SET PATCH number
| SET VERSION 'app_version'
| SET COMPATIBILITY VERSION { 'app_version' | CURRENT }
| SYNC }
|
{ ALL SYNC }
}
```



Application Containers Demo 2: Application Installation (2:5)

```
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION uw_app BEGIN INSTALL '1.0';
```

Pluggable database altered.

```
CREATE TABLESPACE uwapp_tbs  
DATAFILE '/u01/app/oracle/oradata/orcl12c/uwapp/uwapp_tbs'  
SIZE 25M AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 25M;
```

Tablespace created.

```
-- create user  
CREATE USER uwapp_user IDENTIFIED BY uwapp_user  
DEFAULT TABLESPACE uwapp_tbs  
TEMPORARY TABLESPACE temp  
QUOTA UNLIMITED ON uwapp_tbs;
```

User created.

```
GRANT create session TO uwapp_owner;  
GRANT create procedure TO uwapp_owner  
GRANT create table TO uwapp_owner;  
GRANT create view TO uwapp_owner;
```

Grant succeeded.



Application Containers Demo 2: Application Installation (3:5)

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE uwapp_owner.who_am_i AUTHID DEFINER
IS
BEGIN
    dbms_output.put_line('I do not know');
END who_am_i;
/

CREATE TABLE uwapp_owner.t1 (
    tid          NUMBER(10),
    last_name VARCHAR2(20));

ALTER TABLE uwapp_owner.t1
ADD PRIMARY KEY (tid);

CREATE TABLE uwapp_owner.t2(
    tid NUMBER(10),
    last_name VARCHAR2(20));

ALTER TABLE uwapp_owner.t2
ADD PRIMARY KEY (tid);

CREATE VIEW uwapp_owner.t1t2_view AS
SELECT t1.tid, t2.last_name
FROM uwapp_user.t1, uwapp_user.t2
WHERE t1.tid = t2.tid;
```



Application Containers Demo 2: Application Installation (4:5)

```
INSERT INTO uwapp_owner.t1 VALUES (1, 'MORGAN');
INSERT INTO uwapp_owner.t1 VALUES (2, 'KYTE');
INSERT INTO uwapp_owner.t1 VALUES (3, 'LEWIS');
INSERT INTO uwapp_owner.t2 VALUES (1, 'TOWNSEND');
INSERT INTO uwapp_owner.t2 VALUES (2, 'KURIAN');
COMMIT;

SELECT * FROM uwapp_user.t1t2_view;

SQL> SELECT * FROM uwapp_user.t1t2_view;

TID          LAST_NAME
-----
          1 TOWNSEND
          2 KURIAN

ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION uw_app END INSTALL;

Pluggable database altered.
```



Application Containers Demo 2: Application Installation (5:5)

```
col app_name format a10
col app_version format a12

SELECT app_name, app_version, app_status, app_implicit
FROM dba_applications
WHERE app_name = 'UW_APP';
```

APP_NAME	APP_VERSION	APP_STATUS	A
UW_APP	1.0	NORMAL	N

```
-- if there are application PDBs, under the application root
-- container, exit and synchronize them with their root with
-- ALTER APPLICATION PDB
```



Application Containers Demo 3: Sharable Objects (1:3)

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE servers (  
  2  srvr_id NUMBER(10),  
  3  network_id NUMBER(10),  
  4  status VARCHAR2(1),  
  5  latitude FLOAT(20),  
  6  longitude FLOAT(20),  
  7  netaddress VARCHAR2(15));
```

Table created.

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE serv_inst  
  2  SHARING=METADATA (  
  3  siid NUMBER(10),  
  4  si_status VARCHAR2(15),  
  5  type VARCHAR2(5),  
  6  installstatus VARCHAR2(1),  
  7  location_code NUMBER(10),  
  8  custacct_id VARCHAR2(10),  
  9  srvr_id NUMBER(10),  
10* ws_id NUMBER(10));
```

SHARING=METADATA

*

ERROR at line 9:

ORA-00922: missing or invalid option

```
SQL> show parameter default_sharing
```

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
default_sharing	string	METADATA



Application Containers Demo 3: Sharable Objects (2:3)

```
SQL> ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION uw_app BEGIN INSTALL '1.0';
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION uw_app BEGIN INSTALL '1.0'
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-65221: application UW_APP exists already

SQL> ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION uw_app
  2 BEGIN UPGRADE '1.0' TO '2.0'
  3 COMMENT 'Adding New Table With Sharing';

SQL> CREATE TABLE serv_inst
  2 SHARING=METADATA (
  3 siid NUMBER(10),
  4 si_status VARCHAR2(15),
  5 type VARCHAR2(5),
  6 installstatus VARCHAR2(1),
  7 location_code NUMBER(10),
  8 custacct_id VARCHAR2(10),
  9 srvr_id NUMBER(10),
10* ws_id NUMBER(10));

Table created.
```



Application Containers Demo 3: Sharable Objects (3:3)

```
SQL> ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION uw_app END UPGRADE;
```

```
SQL> desc dba_applications
```

Name	Null?	Type
APP_NAME		VARCHAR2(128)
APP_ID		NUMBER
APP_VERSION		VARCHAR2(30)
APP_STATUS		VARCHAR2(12)
APP_IMPLICIT		VARCHAR2(1)
APP_CAPTURE_SERVICE		VARCHAR2(64)
APP_CAPTURE_MODULE		VARCHAR2(64)

```
col app_name format a37
```

```
SQL> SELECT app_name, app_id, app_version, app_status, app_implicit  
2 FROM dba_applications;
```

APP_NAME	APP_ID	APP_VERSION	APP_STATUS	A
APP\$4BAF1A01C5964D55E0530100007F821B	2	1.0	NORMAL	Y
UW_APP	21	2.0	NORMAL	N





Application Seed Creation



Application Containers Demo 4: Create Seed (1:5)

```
CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE AS SEED FROM uwapp_root
ADMIN USER uwappAdmin IDENTIFIED BY uwappAdmin
FILE_NAME_CONVERT = ('/uwapp/', '/uwappseed/')
LOGGING;

SQL> SELECT con_id, name, open_mode, application_root, application_pdb,
2      application_seed
3      FROM v$containers
4      ORDER BY con_id;
```

CON_ID	NAME	OPEN_MODE	APP	APP	APP
4	UWAPP_ROOT	READ WRITE	YES	NO	NO
6	UWAPP_ROOT\$SEED	MOUNTED	NO	YES	YES

```
SQL> ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE uwapp_root$seed OPEN;

Warning: PDB altered with errors.

SQL> ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE uwapp_root$seed OPEN READ ONLY;

Warning: PDB altered with errors.
```



Application Containers Demo 4: Create Seed (2:5)

```
SQL> host
[oracle@vbgeneric ~]$ cd $ORACLE_BASE/diag/orabase/orabase/trace
[oracle@vbgeneric trace]$ tail alert_orabase.log
UWAPP_ROOT$SEED(6):Opatch validation is skipped for PDB UWAPP_ROOT$SEED (con_id=0)
UWAPP_ROOT$SEED(6):*****
UWAPP_ROOT$SEED(6):WARNING: Pluggable Database UWAPP_ROOT$SEED with pdb id - 6 is
UWAPP_ROOT$SEED(6): altered with errors or warnings. Please look into
UWAPP_ROOT$SEED(6): PDB_PLUG_IN_VIOLATIONS view for more details.
UWAPP_ROOT$SEED(6):*****
2017-04-19T18:45:58.662039-04:00
UWAPP_ROOT$SEED(6):Opening pdb with no Resource Manager plan active
Pluggable database UWAPP_ROOT$SEED opened read only
UWAPP_ROOT(4):Completed: ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE uwapp_root$seed OPEN READ ONLY
```

```
[oracle@vbgeneric ~]$exit
SQL> col time format a29
SQL> col name format a16
SQL> col type format a6
SQL> col cause format a30
SQL> col action format a22
```

```
SQL> SELECT time, name, cause, status, action
2* FROM pdb_plug_in_violations;
```

TIME	NAME	CAUSE	STATUS	ACTION
19-APR-17 06.45.57.958082 PM	UWAPP_ROOT\$SEED	Non-Application PDB to Application PDB	PENDING	Run pdb_to_apppdb.sql .



Application Containers Demo 4: Create Seed (3:5)

```
SQL> @@/rdbms/admin/pdb_to_apppdb.sql
SQL> SET FEEDBACK 1
SQL> SET NUMWIDTH 10
SQL> SET LINESIZE 80
SQL> SET TRIMSPOOL ON
SQL> SET TAB OFF
SQL> SET PAGESIZE 100
SQL>
SQL> WHENEVER SQLERROR EXIT;
SQL>
SQL> VARIABLE cdbname VARCHAR2(128)
SQL> VARIABLE pdbname VARCHAR2(128)
SQL> VARIABLE appname VARCHAR2(128)
SQL> BEGIN
2 -- Disallow script in non-CDB
3 SELECT sys_context('USERENV', 'CDB_NAME')
4 INTO :cdbname
5 FROM dual
6 WHERE sys_context('USERENV', 'CDB_NAME') is not null;
7 -- Disallow script in CDB Root
8 -- Disallow script in PDB$SEED (Bug 22550952)
9 SELECT sys_context('USERENV', 'CON_NAME')
10 INTO :pdbname
11 FROM dual
12 WHERE sys_context('USERENV', 'CON_NAME') <> 'CDB$ROOT'
13 AND sys_context('USERENV', 'CON_NAME') <> 'PDB$SEED';
14 -- Disallow script outside of Application Container
15 SELECT sys_context('USERENV', 'APPLICATION_NAME')
16 INTO :appname
17 FROM dual
18 WHERE sys_context('USERENV', 'APPLICATION_NAME') is not null;
19 -- Disallow script in Proxy PDB (Bug 22550952). This query works
20 -- because remote mapping in Proxy PDB has been disabled using
21 -- the underscore parameter.
22 SELECT /*+ OPT_PARAM('_ENABLE_VIEW_PDB', 'FALSE') */ name
23 INTO :pdbname
24 FROM v$pdb
25 WHERE proxy_pdb='NO';
26 END;
27 /
BEGIN
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-01422: exact fetch returns more than requested number of rows
ORA-06512: at line 22

Disconnected from Oracle Database 12c Enterprise Edition Release 12.2.0.1.0 - 64bit Production
[oracle@vbgeneric ~]$
```



Application Containers Demo 4: Create Seed (4:5)

- On dissecting the pdb_to_apppdb.sql script the following was identified as the root cause of the error

```
SQL> SELECT /*+ OPT_PARAM('_ENABLE_VIEW_PDB', 'FALSE') */ name
      2 FROM v$pdb
      3 WHERE proxy_pdb='NO';

NAME
-----
UWAPP_ROOT
UWAPP_ROOT$SEED
```

- Further examination of the script(s) found numerous examples of this

```
select TO_NUMBER('NOT_IN_APPLICATION_PDB') from v$pdb
where con_id=sys_context('USERENV', 'CON_ID') and application_pdb<>'YES';
```

- Clearly the script has no choice but to fail
- More news on this in our Slack group as it becomes available



TNSNAMES.ORA

TNSNAMES Configuration

- Every time you add a new PDB ... you must also make a manual entry to TNSNAMES.ORA

```
# tnsnames.ora Network Configuration File:
C:\app\oracle\product\12.1.0\dbhome_1\network\admin\tnsnames.ora
# Generated by Oracle configuration tools.

PDBDEV =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS_LIST =
      (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = 127.0.0.1) (PORT = 1521))
    )
    (CONNECT_DATA =
      (SERVICE_NAME = pdbdev)
    )
  )

PDBTEST =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = 127.0.0.1) (PORT = 1521))
    (CONNECT_DATA =
      (SERVER = DEDICATED)
      (SERVICE_NAME = pdbtest)
    )
  )

ORACLR_CONNECTION_DATA =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS_LIST =
      (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = IPC) (KEY = EXTPROC1521))
    )
    (CONNECT_DATA =
      (SID = CLRExtProc)
      (PRESENTATION = RO)
    )
  )
```

```
PDBPROD =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = 127.0.0.1) (PORT = 1521))
    (CONNECT_DATA =
      (SERVER = DEDICATED)
      (SERVICE_NAME = pdbprod)
    )
  )

ORABASE =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = 127.0.0.1) (PORT = 1521))
    (CONNECT_DATA =
      (SERVER = DEDICATED)
      (SERVICE_NAME = orabase)
    )
  )
```



Conclusion

- Read the docs
 - Download it
 - Install it
 - Learn it
-
- For demos that work in SQL*Plus
www.morganslibrary.org/library.html



The screenshot shows the Oracle Help Center website in a Mozilla Firefox browser window. The address bar displays `docs.oracle.com/en/`. The page header includes the Oracle logo and the text "Help Center", along with a user greeting "Welcome Daniel" and a "Sign out" link. The main content area is titled "How can we help?" and includes a welcome message: "Welcome to the Oracle Help Center. Whether you are new to Oracle or an advanced user, you can find useful information about our products and services, ranging from getting started guides to advanced features." To the right of this message is a search bar with a dropdown menu set to "All Products" and a "Search products" button. Below the search bar are four large circular icons representing different Oracle product categories: Cloud (purple), Applications (blue), Middleware (red), and Database (green). Each icon is accompanied by a title and a brief description.


ORACLE Help Center Welcome Daniel [Sign out](#)

How can we help?

Welcome to the Oracle Help Center. Whether you are new to Oracle or an advanced user, you can find useful information about our products and services, ranging from getting started guides to advanced features.


Search **Find a product**

All Products Search products




Cloud

A broad selection of enterprise solutions for cloud computing




Applications

Choice & flexibility with a vast, secure portfolio of products



Middleware

Premier business innovation platform for enterprise & cloud



Database

Oracle databases lead the world delivering innovative solutions

The screenshot shows a Mozilla Firefox browser window displaying the Oracle Database Documentation page. The address bar shows the URL docs.oracle.com/en/database/. The page header includes the Oracle logo and the text "Welcome Daniel Sign Out". The main content area is titled "Database Documentation" and features a large green circular icon with a white database symbol. Below this, the text states: "Oracle provides a range of industry-leading on-premise and cloud-based solutions to meet the data management requirements from small and medium sized businesses to large global enterprises. These include the latest generation of the world's most popular database, Oracle Database 12c, the world's most popular open-source database, MySQL, as well as innovative In-Memory and NoSQL database solutions." The page also includes a sidebar with navigation links such as "Help Center Home", "Oracle Database", "Related Products", "Other Databases", "NoSQL", "MySQL", "TimesTen In-Memory Database", "Database Mobile Server", "Berkeley DB", "Database Express Edition", "Java DB", "Rdb", and "Essbase". A dropdown menu for "Oracle Database 12c Release 2 (12.2)" is visible. The page is organized into sections: "Learn About Oracle Database" (with links for "Get Started", "What's New", and "Oracle Live SQL") and "Common Tasks" (with links for "Install and Upgrade", "Administration", and "Development"). A small purple circle with the number "1" is located in the bottom right corner of the page.



Oracle Technology Network - Mozilla Firefox

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(12.2.0.1.0) - Standard Edition 2 and Enterprise Edition

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File 1 (3.2 GB) See All

Oracle Solaris (SPARC systems, 64-bit)

File 1 (3.1 GB) See All

Oracle Solaris (x86 systems, 64-bit)

File 1 (2.8 GB) See All



*

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-00028: your session has been killed

Thank You

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Dan Morgan: dmorgan@forsythe.com

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